Gamechangers Toolkit:

Organizing Inclusive Sports Events in Your Community - Ideas, Tools and Funding



A practical guide designed for youth workers, community leaders, NGOs, and local sports clubs who want to use sport as a tool for social inclusion and community development. It brings together methods, real-life examples, and funding resources to help organizations design, manage, and promote local sports initiatives that engage all members of society, especially young people from underdeveloped or marginalized areas. The toolkit aims to inspire and equip changemakers with step-by-step guidance, creative ideas, and accessible funding pathways to turn their vision of inclusive, community-driven sport into sustainable local impact.





The Game Changers Toolkit was developed by IASIS NGO (Greece) and Play Together Association (Bulgaria) as part of the KA2 Erasmus+ Project "Game Changers: Encouraging Social Inclusion and Active Lifestyles in Underdeveloped Areas." The project aims to promote social cohesion, equal opportunities, and community well-being through sport by creating practical resources for local organizations and youth workers.

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- Ideas, Tools and Funding

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CHAPTER 1: Understand Before You Act

How to Research Community Needs and Address Local Deficits Through Sport

Why This Chapter Matters

Before you design a sports initiative or set goals, you need to understand the community you want to support. In underdeveloped areas, assumptions can lead to failure. You must explore:



- What the community already has?
- What it's missing?
- What people want and need? What barriers exist to participation in sport and healthy lifestyles?

Understanding this context helps you planinclusive, realistic, and sustainable initiatives.

What Do We Mean by "Needs and Deficits"?

- Needs are what the community hopes for or lacks: opportunities, spaces, programs, support.
- **Deficits** are the **systemic or practical barriers** that prevent people from accessing sport or wellbeing: no transport, no coaches, no inclusive policies, cultural barriers.

Where to Begin: 3-Phase Research Approach

A good project bridges the gap between needs and deficits with **creative, community based** solutions.

Phase 1: Observation and Informal Talks

Walk through the neighborhood or village. Visit schools, fields, community centers. Talk to young people, parents, teachers, coaches.

Ask:

- "Where do young people go after school?"
- "Is there any sports activity for girls/boys/people with disabilities?"
- "What keeps people from joining?"
- "What would they like to see more of?"

Phase 2: Structured Research (Low-Cost Tools)

Use simple tools to collect info:

Method	Description	Tool/Example
Survey	10–15 questions, anonymous	Google Forms, printed sheets
Focus Group	5–10 locals discuss a topic	Organize by age or interest
Interviews	1:1 talks with coaches, teachers, youth	Audio record or take notes
Mapping Exercise	Visual tool – draw a map of existing sports spaces, risks, assets	Flipchart + markers

Tip: Always ask for consent and explain the purpose of your research in simple, friendly language.

Phase 3: Analyze and Prioritize

After collecting responses:

- Group the challenges into themes (e.g. infrastructure, inclusion, awareness)
- Identify what can be solved with local resources and what may need outside support. Use this data to build your project's goals

Tip: Use quotes or direct feedback in your toolkit or project plan to show real voices from the community

Guiding Questions for Your Team

- What sports or physical activities already exist here?
- Who participates and who doesn't? Why?
- Are there safe, accessible, and inclusive spaces for sport?
- What groups are most excluded?
- What is the level of community motivation or interest?
- What are the local beliefs or attitudes about sport?
- What resources (people, places, funding) already exist?

Chapter 2: Building a Mission and Vision

How to define the values and long-term purpose of a decentralized sports initiative



Think of your mission and vision as your "why" and your "where."

- Mission = what you do now, who you do it for, and why it matters.
- **Vision** = the world you are trying to help create through your work.

What's the Difference Between Mission and Vision?

	Mission Statement	Vision Statement
Time focus	Present	Future
Purpose	Describes what your organization does, for whom, and how	Describes the change you want to see in the world
Tone	Clear, direct, motivating	Aspirational, inspiring
Example	"We organize inclusive sports events in rural towns in XYZ."	"We envision a future where every child in rural areas has access to active, healthy living."

How to Write a Vision Statement

Your vision is your **destination** 3 the long-term change you want to support.

Questions to help define your vision:

- What change do we want to see in our community through sport?
- What will our community look like in 5-10 years if we succeed?
- Who benefits most from this change?
- What do we believe in as a team?

Tips:

- Keep it simple. Avoid jargon.
- Make it uplifting and inspiring.
- Focus on others: who you serve, who benefits.
- One sentence is enough clarity beats complexity.

Example Vision Statements:

- "A future where rural youth thrive through sport, health, and connection."
- "A world where every child has a chance to discover their strength through physical activity, regardless of their postcode."

How to Write a Mission Statement

Your mission is your **action -** what you do and how you do it.

Questions to help define your mission:

- What exactly do we do?
- Who do we serve?
- Why do we do it?
- What makes our initiative different or special?

Tips:

- Use present tense.
- Keep it short (1 3 sentences).
- Show your uniqueness and values.
- Be realistic, not too abstract.

Example Mission Statements:

- "We create accessible sports events for youth in isolated areas to encourage physical activity, teamwork, and local pride."
- "Our mission is to bring inclusive and low-cost sport activities to underdeveloped regions by partnering with local leaders and building safe play spaces."

Putting it All Together: Template

You can use this template to guide your own team reflection session:

MISSION STATEMENT TEMPLATE:

"We [what your organization does] for [target group] in order to [what value you provide / why it matters]."

VISION STATEMENT TEMPLATE:

" We envision a [desired future/outcome] where [who benefits] can [impact/change]."

Team Exercise: Draft Your Mission and Vision

Time: 20–30 minutes **Group Size:** 3–8 people

Materials: Flipchart or whiteboard, markers

Step 1: Draft Your Mission Statement (10 min)

Your mission = what you do, for whom, and why (right now)

Ask your team these 3 simple questions:

- 1. What do we do (in 1 sentence)?
- 2. Who do we help/support?
- 3. Why does it matter?

Tip: Use this sentence template on a flipchart:

"We [do what] for [who] in order to [what impact]."

Example:

"We provide free sports sessions for youth in rural areas to improve their health, confidence, and community connection."

Let each person try to fill in the sentence. Then agree on 1 version together.

Step 2: Draft Your Vision Statement (10 min)

Your vision = the future you are working toward.

Ask your team:

- 1. If we succeed, what will our community look like in 5–10 years?
- 2. What's the big dream? What kind of world do we want to help create?

Example visions:

- "A community where every child has access to inclusive sports, no matter where they live."
- "A healthier and more connected village through the power of youth-led sports."
- "A world in which..."

Now ask everyone to write 1 short sentence about the future they dream of. Read them out loud and combine into a final inspiring statement.

Wrap-Up: The Final Board (5 min)

Write this on a flipchart or poster:

Our Mission:

[Final sentence from Step 1]

Our Vision:

[Final sentence from Step 2]

Take a photo and hang it in your club space — this is your starting point for all future ideas, activities, and applications!

Your mission and vision should guide decisions and inspire action.

Final Tip:

Remember, these statements are not for a drawer or a grant application only. Use them everywhere:

- Social media bios
- Your website homepage
- Project presentations
- Volunteer welcome kits
- Fundraising appeals

CHAPTER 3: GOALS AND IDEAS

Tips for creating concrete, measurable, and inclusive objectives tailored to local realities



Why It Matters

Setting clear goals is the first step toward success. Without goals, it's hard to measure progress, evaluate impact, or keep your team motivated.

But in underdeveloped regions, it's not enough to set generic goals like "promote sports." You need local, realistic, and inclusive goals that match your community's specific context and resources.

What Makes a "Good" Goal?

A good goal is:

- **Specific** Clearly states what you want to achieve
- Measurable You can track progress and know when it's done
- **Achievable** Realistic for your resources and community
- **Relevant** Addresses actual needs of your target group
- Time-bound Has a clear deadline or time frame

(Also known as the SMART method)

TIPS: How to Create Strong Goals

1. Start from local needs

- Ask: What challenges are youth facing here?
- Example: "There are no sports activities for girls aged 13–18 in our town."

2. Talk to the target group

• Involve young people in setting the goals! They know what's missing.

3. Use real data (even small-scale surveys or observations)

• "We observed that only 5% of youth in the village engage in physical activity weekly."

4. Avoid general or vague goals

- X "We want to make youth more active."
- We want 30 new youth participants (aged 14–20) to join weekly volleyball sessions in Village X by June."

5. Break big goals into smaller objectives

• Think: 1 long-term goal + 3–4 short-term objectives

Sample Goal Templates

Template 1: Activity-Based Goal

"We will organize [type of activity] for [target group] in [location] by [date] to [intended outcome]."

→ "We will organize weekly football training for Roma boys aged 12–17 in Novi Pazar from October to March to promote health and team spirit."

Template 2: Participation Goal

"We aim to engage [number] of [target group] in [activity] within [time period]."

→ "We aim to engage 50 girls aged 15–18 in our fitness club within 6 months."

Template 3: Visibility Goal

"We will increase visibility of [project/group] through [method] by [timeframe]."

→ "We will post 20 social media updates with photos and quotes from our participants by the end of the campaign."

Types of Goals: Short-Term vs. Long-Term

Short-Term Goals	Long-Term Goals
Can be achieved in weeks or months	Require sustained effort over time (6–24+ months)
Help you build trust and momentum	Shape the overall change you want to see
Often focus on organizing events, recruiting participants, or launching programs	Often focus on systemic changes, like reducing dropout rates, achieving gender inclusion, or increasing access to sports infrastructure

Both types of goals are important and interconnected. Short-term goals build toward your long-term vision.

GUIDING QUESTIONS: Define Your Goals

STEP 1: Understand the Local Context

- What barriers to sport or healthy living exist in this area?
- Who is excluded and why?
- Are there social, cultural, economic, or infrastructure obstacles?

Example: "There is no regular sports activity for girls aged 13–17 in this rural town. Many parents are skeptical, and the community field is unused."

STEP 2: Draft a Long-Term Goal

- What change do you want to see in 1–2 years?
- Who will benefit?
- What will success look like?

Example: "In 2 years, we want to establish a regular sports culture for teenage girls in the town, with at least 30 active participants and parental support."

STEP 3: Break It Into Short-Term Goals

Ask:

- What needs to happen first?
- What can we achieve in 3–6 months?
- What resources do we already have?

Short-Term Goals Examples:

- Recruit 3 local female role models to lead and promote sessions
- Organize 10 pilot training sessions in the school yard by December
- Survey 50 youth about what activities they want to see
- Host one public event to showcase girls' participation and invite parents

PRACTICAL EXERCISE: "GOAL LAB"

Step-by-Step Instructions:

1. Needs (5 min)

- "What is one problem youth face here related to sport or health?"
- What barriers to sport or healthy living exist in this area?
- Who is excluded and why?
- Are there social, cultural, economic, or infrastructure obstacles?

Write down 3-5 key challenges.

2. Draft your goal (10-15 min)

In small groups or pairs, write one SMART goal based on the challenges you identified.

Use this sentence starter:

"We want to [action] for [who] in [where] by [when] so that [why]."

Example:

"We want to start a weekly mixed-gender basketball class for teens in Chelopech village by November, to reduce gender exclusion and promote confidence."

3. Group Feedback (10 min)

Each group presents their draft goal.

The others give **1 suggestion for improvement:**

- Is it Specific Clearly states what you want to achieve
- Is it Measurable You can track progress and know when it's done
- **Is it Achievable** Realistic for your resources and community
- Is it Relevant Addresses actual needs of your target group
- Is it Time-bound Has a clear deadline or time frame

4. Refine and Post (5–10 min)

Each group rewrites their final goal and posts it on the wall. Facilitator or youth worker can later use this to build the real project plan.

Final Tip from Experts

"Inclusive goals are not about lowering expectations — they're about **removing barriers**. Always ask: What's stopping this group from participating? and make that part of your goal."

– Maria Papadopoulou, Community Coach, Greece

"Set goals that the community can own — not just the organization."

- Vasil Petrov, Grassroots Sports Facilitator, Bulgaria

Chapter 4: Understanding Your Target Groups

Identifying and understanding youth from marginalized and underdeveloped areas.



Why it matters:

To design truly inclusive sports initiatives, you need to understand who you're working with and what barriers they face. In underdeveloped areas, many young people remain excluded from organized sports due to a mix of social, economic, cultural, and infrastructural factors. Identifying their needs is the first step toward making a difference.

Always start with Needs Analysis

Before defining your target groups, conduct a **local needs assessment.**

Needs are what the community **hopes for or lacks**: opportunities, spaces, programs, support.

Deficits are the **systemic or practical barriers** that prevent people from accessing sport or wellbeing: no transport, no coaches, no inclusive policies, cultural barriers.

This helps you spot existing gaps and understand the realities of your community.

Ask:

- What are the **top 3 obstacles** stopping young people from engaging in sports?
- What resources or places already exist (schools, parks, clubs)?
- What **local voices** (youth, teachers, parents) can you include in your planning?

This analysis will guide you toward the **most excluded** young people and ensure your efforts are focused where they are needed most.

Common Barriers to Participation

- Poor transport infrastructure
- Inaccessible or male-dominated sports facilities
- Lack of free or low-cost programs
- Discrimination (ethnic, gender-based, disability-related)
- Absence of inclusive policies
- Low motivation or digital addiction (screen time > activity time)

Where to Begin: 3-Phase Research Approach

Phase 1: Observation and Informal Talks

- Walk through the neighborhood or village.
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Ask:

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- "Is there any sports activity for girls/boys/people with disabilities?"
- "What keeps people from joining?"
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Phase 2: Structured Research (Low-Cost Tools)

Use simple tools to collect info:

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Tip: Use quotes or direct feedback in your toolkit or project plan to show **real voices from the community**

Guiding Questions for Your Team

- 1. What sports or physical activities already exist here?
- 2. Who participates and who doesn't? Why?
- 3. Are there safe, accessible, and inclusive spaces for sport?
- 4. What groups are most excluded?
- 5. What is the level of community motivation or interest?
- 6. What are the local beliefs or attitudes about sport?
- 7. What resources (people, places, funding) already exist?

Community Interviews (as part of the needs analysis)

Ask **open-ended questions** to local youth, parents, teachers, coaches:

- What would make sport more fun or fair here?
- What sports do people wish they could try?
- Who feels left out of sport in your area?
- What stops girls from playing? Or younger kids? Or disabled youth?
- Do people feel safe and welcome in current sports spaces?

Tip: Use voice notes or take notes. You can even involve youth in conducting these interviews!

Key Principles When Working With Marginalized Youth

- Avoid labels Focus on strengths, not just deficits.
- **Involve them** Invite them to design the activities, not just join them.
- Representation matters Include coaches and mentors who reflect your participants.
- Safe spaces first Focus on creating trust and non-judgmental environments.
- Micro-successes count Set achievable goals that build confidence step-by-step.

Chapter 5: Measuring Impact and Improving Quality

Tools and methods to assess the impact and improve the quality of activities



Why Evaluation Matters

Evaluation is **not just paperwork** it helps sports organizations:

- Understand what's working well and what needs improvement.
- Demonstrate impact to donors, partners, and communities.
- Stay accountable to their mission and target groups.
- Make their initiatives sustainable by learning and adapting.

Even small grassroots projects can and should measure success in simple, meaningful ways.

Types of Evaluation

Туре	Purpose	When to Use
Formative Evaluation	Helps improve the design or plan of your activities	Before/during implementation
Process Evaluation	Assesses how activities are being carried out	During activities
Outcome Evaluation	Measures what changed as a result of your project	After activities
Impact Evaluation	Evaluates the broader, long-term effects	Months after activities

Simple Evaluation Tools

1. Feedback Forms (Youth Participants)

Use short, friendly forms at the end of an event or training session.

Example Questions:

- Did you feel welcome?
- · What did you enjoy the most?
- · What would you improve?
- · Would you come again?

Use smiley faces, stars, or short scales for low-literacy contexts.

2. Observation Checklist (Coach/Facilitator)

Use this during an activity to track:

- Was everyone participating actively?
- Were girls and boys equally engaged?
- Were there any moments of conflict or exclusion?
- · Did participants help each other?

3. Focus Groups or Short Interviews

After a series of activities, gather a small group of participants and ask:

- What changed for you?
- What did you learn?
- · Do you feel more motivated to stay active?
- How did the team/sport environment feel?

4. Community Feedback

Ask parents, teachers, or local leaders:

- Did they notice any positive change in the young people?
- Are they willing to support future activities?

Sample Form 3 Youth Feedback (Editable)

Question	Response Option
Did you enjoy the activity?	♡ Yes – · So-so – · No
What did you like the most?	
What would you change next time?	
Do you want to come again?	✓ Yes / × No
One word to describe today:	

Quality Checklist

Before you finish your initiative, ask:

- Were the activities safe and accessible for all youth?
- Did we reach young people from the intended target groups?
- Did we gather feedback from participants and stakeholders?
- Did participants express interest in continuing?
- Did we document photos/testimonials/stories for future visibility?
- Do we have ideas for next steps or improvements?

Useful resources:

- 3 Things that Make a MEANINGFUL Vision https://www.youtube.com/watch? v=zpzZumZCdWA&t=41s
- Simon Sinek | Start with WHY to inspire action https://www.youtube.com/watch?
 v=HjriwYrGL28
- LearnStorm Growth Mindset: How to write a SMART goal
 https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=U4IU-y9-J8Q&pp=ygUMZ29hbCBzZXR0aW5n
- Achieve More by Setting Smart Goals https://www.youtube.com/watch?
 v=yA53yhiOe04
- The Secret to Successfully Pitching an Idea | The Way We Work, a TED series -<u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=l0hVIH3EnIQ</u>
- "How Can I Help You?"- Understanding Target Audience Barriers: Nancy Lee at TEDxMontlakeCut https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pgedACNto11
- What Is Audience Analysis? High School Toolkit https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1-uDdyrnlag
- How to Empower Youth and Grow Community | Sean Smith | TEDxYouth@Bunbury <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wn33cRGiGWM&t=392s</u>

Chapter 6: Types of events you can organise



Sports events are powerful tools for building connections, fostering social inclusion, and promoting active lifestyles — particularly in less developed areas where opportunities for participation may be limited. By organizing accessible and well-planned activities, sports organizations can create bridges between communities, spark local pride, and provide young people with new avenues for personal growth and engagement.

In communities with fewer resources — whether rural, remote, peri-urban, or economically disadvantaged — a thoughtfully designed sports event can make sport visible and approachable, even where facilities and role models are scarce. These events can also connect less developed regions with more established ones through friendly competition, mentorship, and shared standards, while simultaneously strengthening local capacity by training teachers, youth workers, and volunteers. Importantly, well-run events often act as catalysts for ongoing activity, inspiring the creation of clubs, leagues, and after-school programs, rather than being one-off moments.

When approached strategically, sports events become more than just a game: they open doors for young people, encourage social cohesion, and lay the groundwork for sustained participation and community development.

For these reasons, the following section outlines eight types of sports events that can be organized to maximize participation, community engagement, and long-term impact.

1. Community Sports Day



Purpose & Social Impact:

A Community Sports Day is more than just a recreational event; it serves vibrant as celebration of health, teamwork, and local culture. This one-day festival brings together residents of all ages to play, watch, and explore various sports, creating

a shared sense of belonging and pride. Beyond physical activity, it fosters social cohesion by connecting children, youth, families, and local leaders in a friendly, inclusive environment. It can also expose participants to new disciplines they might not otherwise encounter, highlight local talent, and provide opportunities for mentorship and leadership development. The event acts as a catalyst for ongoing sports participation, inspiring clubs, informal teams, and after-school programs to thrive long after the festival ends.

Target Groups:

- Children and youth aged 7–18, providing opportunities for skill development, social interaction, and teamwork.
- Families and multi-generational groups, encouraging shared experiences and community bonding.
- Local sports clubs, informal teams, and neighborhood groups, helping them showcase talent and recruit new members.
- Teachers, youth workers, and community leaders, offering a platform to engage with the community and enhance leadership skills.
- Volunteers and local businesses, who can participate by providing support, equipment, or sponsorship, fostering local ownership of the event.

When to choose this

- You need broad visibility and a "first taste" experience.
- You have access to a school yard/park and several community volunteers.
- You want to engage families and different age groups at once.

Organizational Steps:

- 1. **Venue**: Select a safe and accessible location such as a school yard, community pitch, or park. Consider space for multiple activity zones, resting areas, shade, and first aid.
- 2.**Sports Line-up:** Offer 3–5 sports or games, balancing popular sports like football or basketball with traditional or local games. Include adapted activities to ensure participation by people with varying abilities.
- 3. **Schedule & Rotation:** Design a timetable allowing participants to try different sports. Include short breaks, fun challenges, and exhibition matches to maintain energy and interest.
- 4. **Volunteers:** Recruit and train local coaches, teachers, youth leaders, and enthusiastic community members to run activity stations, ensure safety, and provide encouragement.
- 5. **Inclusion & Accessibility:** Ensure all games are inclusive, with mixed teams, adapted rules, and support for participants with disabilities. Consider gender balance and culturally sensitive programming.
- 6. **Atmosphere & Engagement:** Use music, announcers, storytelling, and interactive workshops to create a lively, festive environment. Conclude with a small award ceremony, recognizing participation, effort, and sportsmanship rather than only competition.
- 7. **Promotion & Follow-Up:** Promote the event through schools, community centers, social media, and local radio. After the event, provide information on local clubs, ongoing activities, and volunteer opportunities to maintain momentum.

2. Interregional Youth Tournament

An Interregional Youth Tournament brings together teams from different regions — typically pairing a less developed area with a more developed one — for friendly competition and shared experiences. Beyond the sports aspect, the event promotes cultural exchange, mutual understanding, and long-term relationships between communities. Young participants gain exposure to different coaching styles, training facilities, and playing standards, while communities develop a sense of pride and connection. Such tournaments can inspire ongoing collaboration, create mentoring opportunities, and encourage participants to continue playing sports within local clubs or leagues.

Target Groups:

- Youth sports teams, whether club-based or school teams, looking for competitive yet inclusive experiences
- Young people aged 15–25, including those who are not currently part of any team, providing them an opportunity to participate, learn, and engage socially.
- Coaches, team leaders, and local volunteers who facilitate the event, share knowledge, and model fair play.
- Community members who attend as spectators, building social cohesion and local pride.



When to Choose This:

- When you already have emerging teams or individual young people interested in sports and want to raise their skills through exposure to different playing styles and competitive standards.
- When you aim to establish reciprocal visits and a long-term "twinning" relationship between communities, clubs, or individuals, creating opportunities for both team members and unaffiliated youth to participate and engage.
- When you want to attract more young people who are not currently involved in sports, provide them with a welcoming introduction to teamwork, physical activity, and community engagement.

Organizational Steps:

- 1. **Partnership:** Pair a local club or school team with a team from a more developed area. For young people who are not currently part of a team, create mixed or "all-star" groups so they can participate alongside established players. Establish clear communication and shared expectations with all participants, ensuring that both teams and individual youth understand the goals, rules, and schedule.
- 2. **Venue & Date:** Choose a central, accessible location, or rotate hosting duties between the regions to ensure fairness and shared ownership.
- 3. **Competition Rules:** Emphasize friendly play, sportsmanship, and inclusion rather than purely winning. Consider modified formats to balance skill levels and maintain engagement.
- 4. **Exchange Activities:** Include cultural elements such as shared meals, local music performances, sightseeing tours, or team-building workshops to strengthen bonds beyond the field.
- 5. **Promotion & Coverage:** Invite local media, social media coverage, and community stakeholders to celebrate participation, highlight success stories, and inspire others to get involved.
- 6. **Follow-Up:** Encourage ongoing interaction through return visits, shared training sessions, or mentoring programs, creating lasting connections between regions.

3. Mobile Sports Clinics



Purpose & Social Impact:

Mobile Sports Clinics bring sports coaching, equipment, and structured activities directly to remote villages, peri-urban neighborhoods, or communities with limited sports infrastructure. These clinics make sports accessible where facilities, trained coaches, or clubs are scarce. They introduce young people to new disciplines, encourage regular physical activity, and build confidence and teamwork skills. Beyond the physical benefits, mobile clinics foster social inclusion by connecting isolated communities, inspiring local participation, and providing role models for youth who might not otherwise have access to organized sports.

Target Groups:

- Young people living in remote, rural, or underserved areas.
- Schools and community centers without regular sports programs or trained coaches.
- Youth who are not currently part of formal teams, giving them an entry point into sports and physical activity.
- Local volunteers, teachers, or youth leaders who can learn coaching skills and help sustain programs after the clinic visits.

When to Choose This:

- When multiple small or remote communities lack fixed sports facilities and access to regular coaching.
- When you have a small team of multi-sport coaches, youth workers, or volunteers capable of traveling between locations.
- When you want to engage young people who are not part of any formal teams, giving them a low-barrier introduction to sports and physical activity.
- When the goal is to build awareness, interest, and participation in sports in underserved areas, while also providing role models and mentorship.
- When you aim to create temporary but repeatable sports opportunities that can later inspire local clubs, school programs, or community initiatives.

Organizational Steps:

- 1. **Mobile Team:** Recruit and train volunteer coaches, youth workers, or local teachers to lead sessions and provide mentorship.
- 2. **Equipment:** Prepare portable gear tailored to the sports and activities planned, ensuring all materials are safe, durable, and easy to transport.
- 3. **Schedule & Routes:** Plan regular visits monthly, seasonally, or as part of a wider outreach program and coordinate with schools, local authorities, or community centers to ensure maximum participation.

- 4. **Program Design:** Offer short, engaging sessions that rotate through multiple activities to maintain energy and interest. Include inclusive games so youth of all abilities can participate.
- 5. **Documentation & Sharing:** Capture photos, videos, and participant feedback to document impact, share successes with communities, and encourage other organizations to replicate the model.

4. Sports-for-a-Cause Events



Purpose & Social Impact:

Sports-for-a-Cause Events combine physical activity with advocacyfor a meaningful social issue, such as environmental protection, public health, education, or social justice. These events give participants an added sense of purpose, transforming their involvement from personal achievement into collective impact. By linking sports with a cause, organizers can reach broader audiences, inspire community action, and generate both awareness and tangible support (funds, donations, or volunteer engagement).

For young people, these challenges provide a stronger motivation to participate, as they can see that their efforts contribute to something larger than themselves. This sense of purpose encourages greater engagement during the event and can inspire ongoing involvement in sports. Moreover, young people who might initially join for the cause—perhaps as a one-time experience—may discover a passion for the sport itself and continue participating in regular activities, leagues, or clubs, fostering long-term physical activity and social inclusion.'

Target Groups:

- Youth and young people who may be new to sports or normally less involved; the cause gives them a strong incentive to participate and explore physical activity in a meaningful context.
- Individuals seeking a low-barrier entry to sports—even those without prior team experience—since the cause provides motivation to try out new activities.
- Teenagers and young adults already active in sports, who want to combine their passion with social impact.
- Adult sports enthusiasts looking for ways to support a cause while staying active.
- Cause-focused NGOs, community groups, or school clubs that can help organize, promote, or participate in the event.

When to Choose This:

- When you want to give young people and adults a meaningful reason to participate, linking sport to a social cause.
- When a local issue (e.g., environmental, health, or educational) can benefit from awareness, funds, or volunteer support.
- When you want to attract newcomers to sports, using the cause as motivation for one-time participation that may lead to ongoing engagement.

Organizational Steps:

- 1. **Choose the Cause:** Partner with a local or regional issue that resonates with the community (e.g., river cleanup, scholarships, mental health awareness).
- 2. **Select the Format:** Pick an activity suited to your participants and resources fun run, bike ride, hiking challenge, charity football match, or even multi-sport events.
- 3. **Funding Model:** Use registration fees, crowdfunding, sponsorships, or donations, with a transparent system that ensures part of the money is clearly allocated to the cause.
- 4. **Publicity & Engagement:** Promote the event through storytelling that connects the cause to everyday lives. Use social media, posters, schools, and local media to inspire participation and donations.
- 5. **Inclusion & Accessibility:** Offer multiple distances or activity levels (e.g., a 2 km walk alongside a 10 km run) so everyone, regardless of age or ability, can take part.
- 6. **Recognition:** Celebrate both the athletic effort and the social impact with certificates, small awards, or recognition of top fundraisers

5. Traditional & Cultural Sports Festival



Purpose & Social Impact:

This festival revitalizes traditional games and sports, combining cultural heritage with physical activity to engage communities that often have limited opportunities. In rural, remote, peri-urban, or economically disadvantaged areas, these events make sport visible and accessible, even to youth who rarely participate. By involving older residents as mentors and leaders, the festival fosters intergenerational connection and pride while providing a safe, low-barrier environment for young people to try new activities. Linking games with storytelling, music, and crafts also creates a welcoming and fun atmosphere, motivating newcomers to continue exploring sports beyond the event.

Target Groups:

- Youth and children with little prior involvement in organized sports, providing them a first positive experience.
- Entire community, including families and local residents who can support and cheer on participants.
- Elderly residents or cultural custodians who can teach traditional games and share knowledge.
- Local schools, community centers, and youth groups looking to promote inclusion and participation.

When to Choose This:

- When you want to engage the entire community, including youth who rarely participate in organized sports, in a fun and inclusive event.
- When local traditions, games, or dances are well-known and can be taught by elders, creating intergenerational connections.
- When you aim to provide low-barrier opportunities for young people to try sports for the first time and spark ongoing interest.
- When you want to strengthen community pride and cohesion while promoting physical activity in areas with limited facilities.

Organizational Steps:

- 1. **Research & Planning:** Work with elders and cultural leaders to identify traditional games suitable for all ages and abilities.
- 2. **Demonstrations & Training:** Have elders or experienced volunteers lead initial matches, teaching rules and encouraging participation.
- 3. **Inclusive Adaptations:** Offer simplified or modified versions of games so youth with limited sports experience can join.
- 4. **Integration with Modern Activities:** Add accessible contemporary games or dance contests to attract and motivate young participants.
- 5. **Festival Atmosphere:** Combine games with music, storytelling, crafts, and food to make the day enjoyable and culturally enriching.
- 6. Where to Do It: In accessible community spaces—such as school yards, village squares, parks, or local heritage sites—that can safely host multiple activities and welcome youth and families from surrounding areas.



Chapter 7: Event Management

How to Organize Sports Events Step by Step

Introduction

Organizing a sports event in a less developed area requires more than enthusiasm—it demands careful planning, structured processes, and strategic use of available resources. This unit provides a comprehensive, step-bystep guide for planning, delivering, and evaluating sports events, tailored



specifically for local (community or village level) and regional (bringing together participants from multiple towns or districts) contexts.

The unit addresses key aspects such as defining objectives, identifying target groups, managing budgets, securing venues, coordinating volunteers, ensuring inclusion, promoting the event, and evaluating outcomes. It emphasizes practical strategies to engage youth, particularly those less involved in sports, and to maximize social impact in communities with limited infrastructure. By following this guide, organizers will be equipped to create safe, inclusive, and meaningful sports experiences that foster participation, community cohesion, and long-term engagement.

Why structured event management matters

- Maximizes resources: In less developed areas, resources are scarce. A structured approach
 ensures efficient use of time, people, and money.
- Ensures safety: Clear planning reduces risks, protects participants, and builds community trust.
- Drives inclusion: By embedding gender equality, accessibility, and affordability, events reach those who are usually left out.
- Strengthens reputation: A well-run event builds credibility with communities, sponsors, and authorities.
- Creates legacy: Beyond a one-day celebration, events can launch long-term programs and networks.

Phase 1: Planning & Design

Organizing a sports event in communities with limited infrastructure or resources requires careful, context-sensitive planning. This phase focuses on defining clear objectives, understanding your audience, selecting an appropriate format, allocating resources, and ensuring safety and accessibility—all tailored to reach youth and to encourage them to participate in sports.

1.1 Define Objectives

Defining clear and realistic objectives is crucial. For local events, goals may include introducing youth to new sports, encouraging regular physical activity, building confidence, and engaging families or community members in shared experiences. For regional events, objectives often extend to fostering connections between distant communities, creating opportunities for cultural exchange, and highlighting local talent. Outcomes should be measurable and meaningful, for example: "Engage 40 youth who have never participated in organized sports and encourage at least 10 to join ongoing weekly sessions.

1.2 Identify Target Groups

To maximize impact, focus on youth who typically have fewer opportunities to participate in sports. This includes:

- Children and adolescents from remote or economically disadvantaged areas
- Girls and young women, who are often underrepresented
- Youth with disabilities or other barriers to participation
- Families and community leaders, who can encourage attendance and support ongoing involvement

Reaching these groups may require active outreach, such as collaborating with schools, youth centers, or local NGOs.

1.3 Choose the Format

Choose an event format that is accessible, engaging, and motivating. Options include minitournaments, sports festivals, friendly matches, or short workshop series. In areas with limited facilities, low-cost, portable, or improvised games can help overcome barriers and ensure participation. The chosen format should give youth the opportunity to explore new sports in a safe and supportive environment, fostering ongoing involvement beyond a single event. Five adaptable event types—Community Sports Day, Interregional Youth Tournament, Mobile Sports Clinics, Sportsfor-a-Cause, and Traditional & Cultural Sports Festival—are described above as inspiration for local and regional activities. These examples serve as a practical starting point for selecting a format that aligns with your objectives, target groups, and available resources.

1.4 Draft a Budget

Budget carefully to balance ambition with reality, focusing on cost-effective strategies:

- Use local or shared venues to minimize expenses (e.g., school yards, community halls, local sports fields).
- Borrow or repurpose equipment whenever possible (e.g., from schools, local clubs, or community centers).
- Plan affordable transport solutions for participants (e.g., carpooling, community buses, or walking groups).
- Provide hydration and snacks to encourage attendance (e.g., partner with local shops).
- Include insurance, permits, and basic safety equipment (e.g., contact local municipality, sports federations, or NGOs for guidance).

• Use low-cost visibility methods (e.g., handmade posters, community radio announcements, social media posts).

Partnerships with local organizations, sports clubs, or small businesses can help cover essential costs.

1.5 Set the Date and Venue

When selecting the date, consider school calendars, public holidays, local festivals, and seasonal weather patterns to maximize participation and minimize conflicts. Avoid extreme heat, heavy rainfall seasons, or periods of high local activity that could limit attendance.

For local events, choose venues within walking distance for most participants, ensuring safe routes, clear signage, and supervision for younger children. Regional events should consider transport options, central locations, and accommodation if needed, as well as the availability of nearby medical or first-aid facilities. Accessibility is key.

The venue should support multiple activity zones, resting areas, and inclusive spaces for youth who may be less confident or experienced in sports. Additionally, ensure access to toilets, water points, shaded areas, and shelter options in case of sudden weather changes. Make sure the venue is welcoming to all participants, including girls, youth with disabilities, and those new to sports, and check that there are spaces for volunteers, staff, and spectators without overcrowding. Finally, coordinate with local authorities or community leaders to secure permits and ensure the location aligns with cultural norms and safety requirements.

1.6 Risk Assessment

Safety and safeguarding are essential, especially in communities where emergency services or medical support may be limited. Begin by identifying potential risks, such as traffic near the venue, uneven or slippery terrain, sudden changes in weather, or faulty or improvised equipment. Ensure that basic medical support—first-aid kits, trained personnel, or local health contacts—is readily available. Assign trained supervisors for all age groups and activity zones, paying particular attention to younger participants, youth with disabilities, and those who are new to organized sports.

Implement safeguarding protocols to protect minors, mixed groups, and participants who may feel unsure or vulnerable in a sports setting. Develop contingency plans for emergencies, including designated evacuation routes, alternative indoor or sheltered spaces, and clear communication procedures. For rural or remote areas, consider coordinating with local authorities, nearby clinics, or community volunteers to strengthen emergency readiness. A thorough risk assessment helps ensure a safe, inclusive, and enjoyable experience for all participants.

Organizing a sports event, especially in rural, remote, peri-urban, or economically disadvantaged areas, requires careful attention to safety and safeguarding. Young people who are less engaged in sports may be more vulnerable to risks if activities are not properly planned.

To support event organizers, we provide a Risk Assessment Checklist. This checklist is a practical proposal and should be adapted to the specific context, scale, and nature of each event. It covers key areas such as venue safety, equipment, participant supervision, weather contingencies, and coordination with local support. Using this checklist helps ensure that events are not only fun and inclusive but also safe for everyone involved.

Risk Assessment Checklist Template

Venue & Terrain

- □ Check for uneven, slippery, or hazardous surfaces
- Identify traffic risks and ensure safe access routes
- □ Confirm adequate resting and shaded areas

Equipment & Facilities

- Inspect all sports equipment for safety
- Ensure improvised or borrowed equipment is secure
- 🗆 Verify availability of water, first-aid kits, and basic medical supplies

Participant Safety

- Assign trained supervisors to each activity station
- □ Plan for mixed abilities, age groups, and new participants
- Implement safeguarding measures for minors and vulnerable youth

Weather & Contingency

- □ Monitor weather forecasts and plan for sudden changes
- ¬ Identify alternative indoor or sheltered spaces
- Prepare emergency evacuation routes and communication plan

Coordination & Support

- 🗆 Collaboration with local authorities, clinics, or volunteers for emergency support
- □ Train volunteers on safety protocols and first-aid procedures
- Ensure all participants are informed about basic safety rules

Review & Follow-Up

- Conduct a risk review before the event starts
- Document incidents and lessons learned for future events

Phase 2: Preparation

Once the objectives, target groups, format, and basic logistics are defined in the planning phase, the preparation phase focuses on turning the plan into actionable steps. This phase involves building a capable organizing team, securing necessary resources, developing a detailed program schedule, promoting the event, and putting in place safety and contingency measures. Effective preparation is particularly important in rural, remote, peri-urban, or resource-limited settings, where flexibility, creativity, and careful coordination can make the difference between a successful, inclusive event and one that struggles to meet its goals.

2.1 Building a Strong Organizing Team

A strong organizing team is essential for a smooth and successful event. Assigning clear responsibilities ensures that all key areas are covered and reduces the risk of tasks being overlooked. Core roles typically include:

- **Event Coordinator:** Oversees overall planning and execution, ensuring the event meets its objectives.
- Logistics Lead: Manages the venue, equipment, and transport, ensuring all practical arrangements are in place.
- **Volunteer Coordinator:** Recruits, trains, and supervises volunteers, helping them understand their roles and responsibilities.
- **Communications Lead:** Handles marketing, social media, and outreach to the community to maximize participation.
- Safety Officer: Ensures first-aid readiness, safeguarding compliance, and effective emergency response plans.
- **Partnership Liaison:** Works with local schools, municipalities, sports clubs, and sponsors to secure support and resources.

In rural or resource-limited settings, team members may take on multiple roles—for example, combining logistics with volunteer coordination or communications. Even so, it is crucial to define clear responsibilities, establish a chain of accountability, and hold regular check-ins to ensure tasks are completed efficiently. Cross-training team members builds flexibility and resilience, while written role descriptions or simple task sheets help prevent confusion, maintain safety, and support smooth collaboration, even when personnel or resources are limited.

2.2 Secure Resources

Identify and reserve facilities well in advance, choosing spaces that are accessible and safe for participants. For rural or peri-urban areas, this could include schoolyards, public squares, or community halls. Equipment should be sourced cost-effectively—borrowing from local schools, clubs, or community groups whenever possible. Early recruitment of volunteers allows time for training, particularly in guiding youth who may be new to organized sports. Sponsors or donors can provide financial support, equipment, or refreshments, and partnerships with local businesses, NGOs, or municipal offices can help fill gaps in resources.

2.3 Develop the Program Schedule

Create a structured yet flexible schedule that balances activity with rest and social interaction. Include arrival and registration periods, warm-up sessions or briefings, and the main blocks of sports activities or competitions. Allocate regular breaks and refreshments to maintain energy and engagement, particularly for younger or less experienced participants. End the event with an awards ceremony or closing session to celebrate participation and achievements, reinforcing positive experiences and encouraging future involvement.

2.4 Communication and Promotion

Effective promotion helps attract participants and volunteers. Use posters in schools, shops, and community hubs, and create event pages on social media with countdowns and updates. Engage directly through schools, youth workers, and local leaders to reach young people who may not regularly participate in sports. Local radio or newspapers can help reach families and community members without online access. Clear communication of schedules, transport options, and any necessary preparation ensures accessibility for all participants.

2.5 Safeguarding and Inclusivity

Prioritize the safety and comfort of all participants. Implement child protection policies and ensure consent forms are collected where needed. Consider gender-sensitive scheduling, such as sessions specifically for girls if cultural norms or comfort levels require it. Make accessibility arrangements, including ramps, adapted equipment, or quiet zones for youth who may be hesitant or have disabilities. Encourage mixed-ability teams and supportive peer interactions to make the environment welcoming for youth who are less experienced in sports.

2.6 Contingency Planning

Prepare for unforeseen circumstances to ensure the event can continue safely and smoothly. Identify alternative indoor venues or rescheduling options in case of poor weather. Recruit backup volunteers to cover unexpected absences. Keep spare equipment and supplies on hand to replace lost or damaged items. Having a clear plan for contingencies reassures participants, volunteers, and community partners, and allows the event to maintain momentum even when challenges arise.

Phase 3: Implementation – Event Day

The success of any sports event depends heavily on smooth execution on the day itself. This phase focuses on putting all the careful planning and preparation into action, ensuring participants, volunteers, and staff have a safe, enjoyable, and well-organized experience. From arrival and setup to running the program and managing unexpected issues, clear roles, effective communication, and flexibility are key. Proper implementation not only ensures safety and engagement during the event but also leaves a positive impression that encourages ongoing participation in sports activities.

3.1 Arrival & Setup Process

- 1.**Team Arrival:** The organizing team and volunteers arrive early—ideally 2–3 hours before the official start—to allow enough time for preparation. Team leaders check that everyone knows their assigned roles.
- 2. **Venue Inspection:** Conduct a thorough walk-through of the venue to identify potential safety hazards, such as uneven terrain, obstacles, slippery surfaces, or debris. Confirm that rest areas, shaded zones, and pathways are safe and accessible.
- 3. **Equipment Setup:** Transport and arrange sports equipment at each activity station according to the program layout. Test any improvised, borrowed, or portable equipment to ensure it is safe and functional.
- 4. **Registration Area Setup:** Prepare a clearly visible registration desk with sign-in sheets, consent forms, and name tags or wristbands. Ensure volunteers are ready to assist participants efficiently and explain event rules or safety procedures.
- 5. **First-Aid Station Setup:** Mark a designated first-aid point with trained personnel, water, first-aid kits, and emergency contact information. Make sure all staff and volunteers know its location.
- 6. **Signage & Communication:** Place directional signs to guide participants to activity stations, restrooms, registration, and first-aid. Ensure radios or phones are available for team communication.
- 7. **Final Checks:** Walk through the venue once more to confirm that all stations are ready, safety measures are in place, and volunteers are in position. Adjust any equipment or setup as needed before participants begin arriving.

3.2 Briefing & Welcome Speech (with Schedule Presentation)

Start by welcoming all participants, families, and spectators. Introduce the purpose of the event - such as skill development, fostering community, promoting physical activity, or supporting a social cause - and briefly outline the day's goals.

Explain house rules and expected behavior, highlighting respect, fair play, teamwork, and inclusivity. Reinforce safety instructions, including hydration, appropriate footwear, warm-up routines, and following instructions at each activity station. Emphasize additional support for participants who are new to organized sports or may need extra supervision.

Introduce the organizing team, volunteers, and first-aid personnel, specifying whom participants can approach with questions, concerns, or emergencies.

Next, present the program schedule clearly so everyone knows what to expect.

Conclude the briefing with a motivational note, encouraging everyone to enjoy themselves, try new activities, and support their peers. Use visual aids, banners, or demonstrations to engage younger participants and clarify the schedule.

3.3 Running the program

During program delivery, follow the prepared schedule while remaining flexible to accommodate unexpected delays. Rotate teams or participants fairly to ensure everyone gets equal opportunities. Maintain a lively and positive atmosphere through music or cheering. Frequent water and snack breaks are essential, especially for young people who may not be used to sustained physical activity.

3.4 Managing Emerging Issues

Managing issues efficiently is critical to maintaining trust, safety, and a positive atmosphere throughout the event. Clear procedures and designated responsibilities ensure that problems are addressed quickly without disrupting the overall flow. The Safety Officer or first-aid staff should be visible and equipped to handle minor injuries on the spot, while also knowing when to escalate more serious cases to local medical services. The Event Coordinator carries the authority to make decisions about major changes, such as pausing, relocating, or rescheduling activities in response to weather or unforeseen disruptions. The Volunteer Coordinator addresses behavioral issues or safeguarding concerns, stepping in discreetly to protect participants' well-being and to reinforce respectful behavior.

Equally important is communication: staff and volunteers should use radios, phones, or agreed signals to report issues immediately. A clear chain of command helps prevent confusion, with each problem being directed to the right person. It is also wise to have an incident log, where any accidents, conflicts, or safety risks are recorded for accountability and learning.

Finally, organizers should remember that many participants—especially youth who are not used to structured sports events—may feel nervous, overwhelmed, or excluded. Proactively identifying and supporting these participants can prevent issues before they arise. Having extra volunteers as "floaters" to spot challenges, calm tensions, or guide lost participants adds another layer of prevention.

3.5 Event Closing

Finally, conclude with closing and recognition. Hold a short ceremony that celebrates participation and effort rather than just winners. Present certificates or small tokens, such as medals or wristbands, to acknowledge involvement. Publicly thank volunteers, partners, and sponsors for their contribution, reinforcing community support and encouraging future participation.



Phase 4: Wrap-Up & Legacy

Closing an event is just as important as preparing it. A well-structured wrap-up ensures that participants feel valued, partners see the impact of their contributions, and organizers capture lessons for the future. This phase is about transforming a one-time event into a foundation for ongoing engagement, stronger partnerships, and community pride.

4.1 Evaluation & Feedback

Gathering feedback and measuring outcomes is essential to assess the event's success and to improve future activities. Beyond just counting participants, evaluation should look at who participated, how they experienced the event, and what impact it had on the community.

In practice, this can involve:

- **Attendance tracking:** Collect data by age, gender, location, and, where possible, participation history (e.g., first-time vs. regular participants). This helps determine whether you reached underrepresented groups, such as girls, children with disabilities, or those who usually do not engage in sports.
- Exit surveys and conversations: Use short, simple questions (spoken or written) such as: "What did you enjoy most?" "What was difficult?" "Would you like to join again?". In settings where literacy is low, brief interviews or group discussions can replace written surveys. (find below a Template)
- **Community feedback:** Ask parents, community leaders, and volunteers for their perspective—this helps assess whether the event strengthened community spirit and inclusivity.
- **Observation:** Organizers and volunteers can note levels of enthusiasm, engagement, and interaction among participants, which may be more telling than numbers alone.
- **Team debrief:** Hold a meeting within 48 hours to review successes, challenges, and immediate lessons. Encourage every team member, including volunteers, to share their perspective, as they may have noticed issues others missed.

Where possible, use visual tools (charts, photos, or storytelling) to capture results in ways that are meaningful and easy to share back with the community. A strong evaluation process not only improves the next event but also builds credibility with partners, sponsors, and local authorities.

Sports Event Exit Survey Template				
Event name:	Date:	Location:		
Participant type (Youth/ Young Adul		ity Member / Volunteer		
1. Participation● Is this your first□ Yes□ No	time joining a sports	s event?		
2. ExperienceWhat did you e	njoy most today?			
• What was diffi	icult or less enjo <mark>yab</mark>	ole?		
 Did you feel we Yes, complete Somewhat No 	elcomed and included ely	J?		
3. Future Interest				
Would you likeYesMaybeNo	e to join another ev	ent like this?		
□ Football/Socc □ Athletics/Run □ Volleyball □ Traditional Ga	er ning	like to see next time?		
4. Open FeedbackDo you have an	n <mark>y other ideas or co</mark> m	iments?		

4.2 Reporting & Visibility

Reporting is more than accountability—it is an opportunity to celebrate success and keep momentum. Prepare a short event report (2–3 pages) with key details: purpose, date, location, participation numbers (by age, gender, location), highlights, impact achieved, and lessons learned. Add photos, quotes, or short stories from participants to make it engaging.

Visibility & Communication

- Share the report with sponsors, municipalities, schools, local clubs, and partner NGOs to strengthen relationships and build credibility.
- Use social media (Facebook, Instagram, WhatsApp) to share highlights, tagging partners to expand reach.
- Post updates on community noticeboards, school bulletin boards, and local markets for audiences with limited digital access.
- Engage local radio or community newspapers with short interviews or stories—these channels are especially effective in rural and remote areas.

Recognition & Celebration

- Publicly thank sponsors, volunteers, and local leaders in the report and media posts.
- Highlight not only competition winners but also participation, teamwork, and inclusion.
- Share stories that show how the event helped underrepresented groups (e.g., girls, children with disabilities, first-time participants) feel included.

Consistent reporting and visibility build trust with the community and partners, make it easier to secure resources for future events, and inspire other villages or districts to replicate the initiative.

4.3 Follow-Up Activities

A single event should act as a gateway to more opportunities. Announce future sessions, leagues, or training programs to keep participants engaged. Create communication groups (WhatsApp, Facebook groups or community pages) where youth and families can receive updates. Maintain sponsor and partner relationships by sending them follow-up updates that show the longer-term benefits of their support.

4.4 Institutional Learning

Every event provides lessons for the future. Document challenges and solutions in simple notes or templates, so the next team can benefit from past experiences. Update your checklists, schedules, and risk assessments based on what you learned. This process strengthens organizational capacity and ensures each event is more effective and inclusive than the last.

Conclusion

Effective sports event management is not about scale or glamour—it is about **consistency**, **safety**, **inclusion**, **and sustainability**. By following these structured steps, organizations can deliver impactful events that not only bring joy for a day but also leave a **long-term legacy** of participation, networks, and healthier lifestyles in less developed areas.



Chapter 8: Marketing Strategies for Promoting Sports Initiatives - Low-budget promotional tools, social media campaigns, and community outreach

Introduction

No matter how well-designed a sports event is, it will only succeed if people know about it, feel motivated to attend, and remain engaged afterward. In less developed areas, marketing sports initiatives is less about glossy campaigns and more about building trust, leveraging community networks, and using low-cost tools effectively. This unit outlines practical, professional strategies to promote sports initiatives with limited resources.

It focuses on 4 main avenues:

Low-budget promotional tools -

creative, cost-effective ways to spread the word.

Community outreach - direct,

human-centered approaches that build credibility and local ownership.

Social media campaigns

maximizing impact on platforms popular with

Key Principles of Effective Marketing in Less Developed Areas

When used together, these strategies ensure that your events are not only well-attended but also remembered, valued, and repeated.

1. Low-Budget Promotional Tools

Promoting sports initiatives in resource-limited settings requires creativity, community engagement, and cost-effective approaches. The following tools help maximize reach while keeping expenses low. Each method can be adapted to local context and the target youth groups.

1.1 Posters and Flyers

Posters and flyers remain highly effective especially in areas with limited internet access. Place them strategically in schools, shops, health centers, bus stops, religious institutions, and municipal noticeboards. Use bright colors, simple language, and inclusive images that reflect the local community. Clearly highlight the date, time, location, contact information, and any requirements (e.g., age groups or attire). To save costs, consider partnering with local schools or community printers, or include sponsor logos in exchange for covering printing expenses. Reusable posters can be adapted for multiple events over time.

1.2 Word of Mouth

Word of mouth is often the most trusted channel in rural or peri-urban areas. Engage local influencers such as teachers, coaches, shopkeepers, and community leaders to spread the word. Encourage young people to bring friends with "bring a buddy" incentives, and ask families to share information within extended networks. Peer-to-peer communication not only increases attendance but also helps build excitement.

1.3 School Engagement

Schools provide a natural platform to reach youth who may not normally participate in sports. Organize short presentations during assemblies or mini-demo sessions in Physical Education classes, allowing students to try activities before the main event. Take-home materials, such as flyers and consent forms, serve as invitations to parents and guardians while also providing information about ongoing programs. Partnering with teachers ensures consistent messaging and trust-building within the community.

1.4 Local Media

Even small community radio stations or newspapers can be powerful tools. Short announcements or interviews with organizers create awareness and lend credibility to the event. Press releases in local papers should highlight inclusion, social impact, and opportunities for first-time participants. Public service announcements through municipal offices or local authorities can further strengthen visibility without additional cost.

Consider combining media efforts with storytelling: feature profiles of young participants, volunteers, or local champions to engage the community emotionally. Encourage local journalists or bloggers to cover the event live or post follow-up stories, which can inspire ongoing participation and build momentum for future initiatives.

1.5 Visual Symbols

Simple visual cues help maintain awareness and excitement without high costs. Use locally made banners, hand-painted signs, or chalk markings along main roads and near venues to guide participants. Low-cost items like homemade wristbands, paper badges, or recycled t-shirts can create visibility and a sense of belonging, reinforcing pride and participation.

Reusable materials—such as banners with your organization's logo—can be adapted for future events to save money and build recognition. Additionally, display photos from past events on community noticeboards, social media or printed posters to inspire participation and maintain a connection with the community.

1.6 Community Partnerships

Collaborate with local clubs, NGOs, religious institutions, and small businesses to leverage networks and resources. Partnerships can help distribute materials, promote events through their channels, or provide in-kind contributions such as printing, snacks, transport, or equipment. Local organizations can also offer volunteers, spaces for meetings or training, and access to youth networks.

Engaging community partners not only reduces costs but also strengthens credibility, fosters trust, and encourages long-term commitment. Co-branding materials with partner logos can highlight shared responsibility and inspire further support, while joint initiatives—like combining sports events with cultural or health activities—enhance participation and demonstrate the broader impact of the program.

Creative Guerrilla Techniques



Creative Guerrilla Techniques refers to low-cost, attention-grabbing, and unconventional promotional methods that don't rely on traditional advertising. These approaches aim to create a buzz in the community and engage people directly, often using the environment or public spaces. For very low-budget settings, consider creative strategies such as chalk markings in village squares, murals on school walls, or street performances to draw attention. Youth themselves can participate in designing these campaigns, enhancing engagement and empowering them as ambassadors for sports participation.

1.1 Event Piggybacking

Take advantage of existing local gatherings, such as festivals, market days, or public holidays, to promote your sports initiative. Set up a small info booth, a mini-demo, or fun interactive activities within the larger event. This "undisguised" approach reaches a broad audience already gathering, minimizes costs, and introduces your program in a lively, community-centered context.

1.2 Community Flash Activities

Organize spontaneous mini-sports activities in public spaces—like a 10-minute skills challenge in a town square, bus stop, or park—during peak hours. These "flash" sessions attract attention, invite onlookers to join, and create buzz with minimal setup or expense. They also give youth a fun, handson taste of the sport before any formal event.

1.3 Leverage International or National Sports Days

Plan small, visible activities in public areas on internationally recognized sports days (e.g., International Day of Sport for Development and Peace, National Youth Sports Day). Use these occasions to showcase mini-games, skill challenges, or group workouts. Promote the larger upcoming events by tying them to the celebration, gaining free attention from local media and community members already in a festive, sports-focused mindset.

2. Social Media Campaigns

Social media offers a cost-effective way to reach large audiences and engage youth. Even in rural or resource-limited areas, young young people often engage heavily with platforms such us Facebook, Instagram, TikTok, and WhatsApp, making these tools valuable for promoting sports initiatives. Thoughtful campaigns can complement physical outreach, strengthen visibility, and create excitement before, during, and after events.



2.1 Choosing the Right Platform

Facebook:

Ideal for community announcements and engaging parents, schools, and local organizations. You can create event pages where people can confirm if they plan to attend, post updates, and share photos or results after the event. Facebook Groups can also help maintain engagement with participants before and after the event.

TikTok:

Short, fun, viral-style clips capture attention and build a sense of community participation. Encourage trending challenges, simple sports skill demonstrations, or user-generated content from participants. TikTok can create excitement and encourage young people to share content, amplifying the event.

Instagram:

Perfect for visual storytelling using images, reels, and short videos. Youth respond well to engaging visuals, behind-the-scenes clips, and highlight reels. Use Instagram Stories for countdowns, quick polls, or shout-outs to participants and volunteers. Consistent branding across posts strengthens recognition.

WhatsApp / Viber / Telegram:

Direct messaging platforms allow personal invitations, group reminders, and quick sharing of updates, schedules, or location changes. Create dedicated groups for participants, volunteers, and parents to ensure everyone has access to the latest information and can ask questions if needed.



Additional Notes:

- Choose platforms based on where your target audience is most active. In rural or low-internet areas, WhatsApp or local Facebook groups may be more effective than TikTok.
- Keep messaging consistent across platforms. For example, the same event visuals and hashtags should appear on Instagram, Facebook, and TikTok.
- Encourage participants to tag the event or share their experiences, creating organic visibility without extra cost.



Tip: If resources are limited, a single account can manage multiple platforms (e.g., the same Facebook page can post Instagram content via Meta tools), but ideally each platform should reflect the audience style (visuals for Instagram/TikTok, text-heavy for Facebook).

2.2 Content Strategies

Countdown Campaigns

Post visuals or short clips counting down to the event: "5 days to go... 4 days...", building anticipation.

Behind-the-Scenes Content

Show volunteers preparing venues, coaches practicing drills, or equipment being set up to give participants a sense of involvement.

Human Stories

Feature short interviews, testimonials, or quotes from participants, volunteers, or local role models to make the campaign relatable.

Live Updates:

On event day, post photos, short videos, or even live streams of activities to keep audiences engaged in real time.

Thank-You Posts:

Highlight volunteers, sponsors, and participants after the event, acknowledging their contribution and reinforcing community pride.

2.3 Visual & Branding Tips

- Maintain consistent colors, fonts, and logos across all social media graphics for recognizability.
- Include essential details—date, time, location—on every visual.
- Use real community members in visuals rather than stock images to create authenticity and inclusivity.
- Encourage participants to share their own photos with a common hashtag, amplifying visibility at minimal cost.

2.4 Engaging Youth Creators

- Identify active local youth on TikTok, Instagram, or other platforms and involve them as event ambassadors.
- Provide early access to information, behind-the-scenes content, or challenges they can share with peers.
- Offer small incentives, such as volunteer certificates, T-shirts, or recognition in post-event materials, to motivate participation and content creation.



Tip: To maximize engagement of youth creators, clearly highlight that the campaign supports a good cause and benefits the community. This encourages them to volunteer their time and creativity without expecting financial rewards, while building a sense of pride and ownership in the project.

2.5 Paid Options (Optional)

Even small budgets (€10–€20) for targeted Facebook or Instagram ads can extend your reach significantly, helping you connect with people who might not see organic posts. Focus your targeting on local areas, relevant age groups, and interests such as sports, youth programs, or fitness to ensure the message reaches the most relevant audience.

Consider boosting posts that highlight human stories, participant testimonials, or countdowns to the event, as these types of content naturally attract more attention and engagement. Monitor ad performance closely and adjust targeting, visuals, or text based on early results to make the most of a limited budget.

Small, well-planned paid campaigns can complement organic social media efforts, increasing attendance, awareness, and community involvement without straining your resources.

3. Community Outreach & Engagement

In areas where digital reach may be limited, personal interaction and community trust are often the most effective promotional tools. Building relationships with local institutions, respected figures, and community networks ensures higher participation and stronger event impact.

3.1 Partnerships with Local Institutions

Collaborating with local institutions strengthens credibility and expands reach.

Consider:

Municipality: Request formal endorsements, display event posters on public noticeboards, and include the municipality in social media mentions. This signals legitimacy to the community.

Schools: Involve teachers and principals to promote events during assemblies, PE classes, or parent meetings. Offer mini-demo sessions or workshops to spark interest.

Health Centers & NGOs: Partner for wellness-focused events, health screenings, or educational sessions. Their networks can help attract participants who might not normally engage in sports activities.



Tip: Establishing multi-institutional partnerships can reduce costs, as organizations may share resources like space, staff, or printing.

3.2 Community Champions

Respected local figures—such as coaches, teachers, youth leaders and shopkeepers—can play a pivotal role in promoting sports initiatives. Their personal endorsement often carries more weight than flyers, posters, or social media campaigns, because trust and credibility are already established within the community.

Benefits:

- Builds trust and credibility.
- Expands reach through their personal networks.
- Supports ongoing community engagement beyond the event.



3.3 Face-to-face engagement

Direct, face-to-face engagement is highly effective in building awareness and trust:

- Distribute flyers and posters during busy market days, local fairs, or community gatherings.
- Briefly explain the benefits of sports participation, emphasizing fun, health, and social connection.
- Provide easy sign-up options, such as QR codes, paper forms, or phone numbers for follow-up.
- Encourage volunteers to answer questions and connect personally with families to build interest

3.4 Faith and Cultural Organizations

Religious and cultural leaders can play a central role in promoting sports events and building trust within the community. Event organizers should request that leaders make announcements during services, gatherings, or cultural ceremonies, emphasizing how participation aligns with community values, youth development, social cohesion, and overall health. Providing leaders with flyers, talking points, or visual materials makes it easier for them to promote the event effectively. Inviting leaders to attend or even participate in activities can motivate more community members to join. Their endorsement increases credibility, encourages attendance from families who might otherwise hesitate, and strengthens ongoing relationships between organizers and the community. Small preevent activities co-hosted at places of worship or cultural centers can also help build excitement and visibility ahead of the main event.

3.5 Pre-Event Activities

Pre-event activities, such as Community Flash Activities and leveraging international or national sports days for visibility as described in a previous unit, are a powerful way to generate excitement and anticipation for the main sports event. Organizers can arrange small-scale initiatives such as popup street games, flash mobs, or warm-up challenges in public areas, schools, or community centers. These activities serve as teasers, drawing attention to the upcoming event and encouraging participation. They also give potential participants a chance to experience the activities firsthand, making them feel more comfortable and motivated to join. In addition, pre-event initiatives can be documented and shared on social media or local media channels, further amplifying visibility and community engagement. Engaging volunteers and community champions in these activities helps build momentum, ensures smooth organization, and strengthens connections between the event team and local residents.



Tip: Combining digital, face-to-face, and community-institutional strategies creates a multi-layered approach that maximizes reach even on a limited budget.

4. Key Principles of Effective Marketing



Clarity

Keep messages simple, concrete, and easy to understand. Include essential details such as who is organizing the event, what activities are planned, where and when it will take place, and why people should attend. Avoid jargon or complex language that might confuse the audience.



Repetition

Consistently share information across multiple channels posters. local radio. media, schools, and community gatherings. Repetition helps ensure that the message reaches all segments of the community, including those who might not regularly access one particular channel.



Inclusivity

Show diversity in your promotional materials by featuring participants of different genders, ages, and backgrounds. This signals that the event welcomes everyone and broader encourages community participation.



Trust

Collaborate with respected local figures—teachers, coaches, religious leaders, or community elders—to validate the event. Their endorsement can significantly increase credibility and encourage hesitant community members to participate.



Engagement

Actively encourage sharing, feedback, and usergenerated content. For example, invite participants to post photos or short videos of pre-event activities or training sessions using a common hashtag. This not only spreads awareness but also creates a sense of ownership among participants.

Additional Marketing Principles

Sustainability

Reuse banners, flyers, and other promotional materials for future events. Build a consistent visual identity with logos, colors, and slogans to create recognition and trust over time.

Accessibility

Ensure that promotional content is easy to access and understand for all, including those with low literacy or limited access to technology. Use visuals, symbols, and oral announcements when necessary.

Cost-Effectiveness

Prioritize low-budget, high-impact methods such as word-of-mouth, community champions, local media, and social media campaigns. Combining these approaches strategically can maximize reach without straining resources.

Flexibility

Be ready to adapt your marketing strategies based on feedback or unexpected challenges, such as weather changes or shifts in community schedules. Flexible planning ensures that the message remains effective and the event reaches its audience.

Local Relevance

Tailor messages to reflect local culture, values, and community priorities. Demonstrating how the event benefits the community - through health, education, or social cohesion - can greatly enhance participation.

Conclusion

Marketing sports initiatives in less developed areas depends more on creativity, persistence, and authenticity than on large budgets. By combining low-cost tools, social media campaigns, and community outreach, organizers can achieve strong participation, community ownership, and long-lasting visibility.

The most effective promotion is about trust and connection—using familiar voices, clear messages, and inclusive approaches. Each effort, whether a flyer, a post, or a conversation, helps build a culture where sport is accessible and valued. When rooted in local realities, these strategies transform sports into a vehicle for health, inclusion, and community pride.

In the end, success is measured not by advertising spend but by lasting impact—turning first-time participants into ongoing supporters and making each event a steppingstone for sustainable change.



Chapter 9: Community Engagement Strategies



Introduction

Sports are not only about physical activity—they are a powerful social tool. In less developed areas, community engagement is the key to ensuring that sports initiatives do not remain isolated, one-off events but instead become part of the fabric of local life. Community engagement means building trust, fostering ownership, and encouraging participation across different groups (youth, families, schools, local authorities, NGOs, cultural and religious institutions).

A central focus of these efforts is the social inclusion of young people. Many youth in underresourced communities face barriers such as poverty, lack of safe spaces, limited opportunities for recreation, or social exclusion due to gender, disability, or cultural background. Sports initiatives provide a welcoming environment where young people can connect with peers, build confidence, and develop essential life skills like teamwork, leadership, and resilience. By intentionally designing activities that are inclusive, affordable, and accessible, organizers can ensure that no young person is left behind.

This unit outlines practical strategies for community engagement, showing how sports initiatives can unite people, overcome barriers, and create a supportive environment for youth empowerment and social inclusion. The strategies presented here can be adapted to both small local projects and larger regional initiatives, always with the goal of turning sports into a bridge for stronger, more inclusives communities.

1. Building Trust and Relationships

Successful sports initiatives in less developed areas are built on trust. Involving community leaders, parents, and youth representatives from the earliest planning stages helps establish ownership and ensure relevance. Tools such as surveys, focus groups, and informal discussions can be used to understand local needs.

Transparency is essential. Clearly communicating goals, available resources, and shared responsibilities demonstrates accountability and builds confidence. Respecting local culture further strengthens trust—by incorporating traditional games, using local languages, and scheduling activities in ways that respect religious practices, school calendars, and community routines.

2. Engaging Key Stakeholders

Broad participation requires the involvement of all relevant groups. Families should be placed at the center of engagement strategies. Organizing family-friendly events encourages intergenerational participation while also creating spaces for parents to build social ties.

Schools and teachers serve as key partners, providing venues, equipment, and established communication channels. Teachers, in particular, can act as ambassadors, motivating students to join. Local authorities should be engaged for logistical support such as permits, security, and public spaces. Positioning the initiative within the municipality's broader development objectives also secures long-term alignment.

Civil society organizations and NGOs add expertise and credibility. Youth organizations, cultural associations, and health-related NGOs can provide volunteers, specialist knowledge, and extended community outreach.

3. Volunteer Mobilization

Volunteers are the backbone of community sports initiatives. Recruitment should target motivated youth, parents, and respected local figures, using personal invitations, schools, faith centers, and word of mouth. Offering small incentives such as certificates, T-shirts, or public recognition helps sustain motivation.

Basic training in event management, communication, or first aid ensures volunteers feel prepared. Clear role descriptions and pairing newcomers with experienced helpers make tasks easier and more rewarding.

Recognition is essential—thank volunteers publicly, highlight their contributions on social media, or offer simple tokens of appreciation. To maintain long-term commitment, stay connected through informal gatherings or messaging groups, gradually building a reliable pool of experienced supporters for future events.



4. Inclusive Engagement Strategies



Girls and Young Women

Events should actively welcome girls and young women by providing female coaches, referees, and volunteers as role models.



Youth with Disabilities

Sports activities must accommodate youth with disabilities. Partnerships with relevant organizations can that venues ensure are accessible and that adapted activities are available. Mixedability games are particularly effective promoting in inclusion.



Marginalized Communities

Marginalized communities such as migrants, ethnic minorities, and low-income families require targeted outreach. Representation through role models from these groups and culturally sensitive communication strategies helps remove barriers and increase participation

5. Sustaining Participation

Long-term impact is achieved when participation continues beyond a single event. Mechanisms for collecting feedback from participants and stakeholders are essential. Regular adaptation of activities based on this feedback reinforces trust and ensures relevance.

Sustainability also depends on continuity. Organizers should move from one-time events to ongoing leagues, regular training sessions, or permanent community clubs. Digital tools such as WhatsApp or Telegram groups can help maintain contact and coordination.

Community ownership should gradually be developed by transferring responsibilities—such as refereeing, logistics, or promotion—into the hands of local leaders. Celebrating success is equally important. Award ceremonies, recognition events, and storytelling around participant achievements strengthen community pride and motivation.

6. Practical Engagement Tools

Practical tools support structured and effective engagement. Community meetings, organized before and after events, provide opportunities for open dialogue. Youth councils can give younger participants a voice in decision-making.

Partnership agreements, even in simple formats such as memoranda of understanding with schools, NGOs, or municipalities, clarify roles and create accountability. Storytelling, through photos, short videos, or testimonials, highlights the human side of sports initiatives and helps build momentum.

Finally, ambassador programs are particularly effective. Respected local figures or enthusiastic young leaders can act as community representatives, lending credibility and extending outreach.

Conclusion

Strong community engagement in sports initiatives is built through trust, inclusion, and shared responsibility. By involving families, schools, local leaders, and volunteers, sports events become more than one-time activities—they turn into collective experiences that unite people. This approach not only increases participation but also fosters pride, ownership, and long-term commitment, ensuring that sport becomes a lasting driver of social inclusion and community development.

Chapter 10: Recruitment of Sponsors



Introduction

Securing financial and in-kind support from sponsors and donors is often essential for sustaining sports initiatives in less developed areas. Many organizations struggle to access resources, yet with the right approach, partnerships with businesses, foundations, and individual donors can provide funding, equipment, venues, or promotional support. This unit outlines practical strategies for recruiting sponsors, crafting a convincing project pitch, and using templates for outreach. The goal is to help sports organizations present themselves professionally, attract support, and maintain long-term relationships.



1. Why Sponsors Support Sports Initiatives

Sponsors and donors are motivated by a mix of social, strategic, and practical reasons. Understanding these motivations allows organizers to approach potential partners with the right angle and build long-term support.

Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)

Many companies have CSR programs aimed at improving health, education, or community wellbeing. Supporting a sports initiative is an easy, visible way to meet these goals.

Visibility and Marketing

Sports events provide excellent branding opportunities - logos on banners, posters, T- shirts, or social media posts. For local businesses, this visibility directly connects them to potential customers.

Employee Engagement

Companies value activities where their staff can actively participate, for example as volunteers, mentors, or coaches. It boosts morale, teamwork, and pride in their employer.

Shared Values

Initiatives that promote youth development, health, gender equality, or inclusion strongly resonate with organizations who want to be associated with these causes.

Local Commitment

Businesses—especially small or family-owned—want to be recognized as community supporters. Contributing to local sports events strengthens their reputation and relationships with customers.

Networking and Partnerships

Sponsors often see sports events as a chance to connect with local authorities, NGOs, schools, or other businesses in a positive setting.

Long-Term Brand Association

Repeated sponsorship of youth or community sports creates lasting goodwill. Being "the company that supports local youth" becomes part of their identity.

Positive Media Exposure

Sponsorship may lead to mentions in newspapers, radio, or community channels —publicity that would otherwise cost more than the sponsorship itself.

2. Crafting a Project Pitch

A successful project pitch is not just a request for support—it is a strategic communication tool that shows potential sponsors why your initiative matters and how their involvement creates mutual benefits. It should be concise, clear, and tailored to the interests and priorities of each sponsor.

The goal is to capture attention quickly, demonstrate credibility, and convey the social and community impact of your sports initiative. A strong pitch balances data with human stories, showing both measurable outcomes and the real-life experiences of participants. It should clearly explain what support is needed, why it matters, and what the sponsor gains in return, whether through visibility, community recognition, or alignment with their corporate social responsibility goals.

By presenting a pitch in a professional, well-structured way, you increase the chances of gaining trust, securing resources, and forming lasting partnerships that strengthen your community sports programs.

It should answer: Why should they care? What's in it for them?

Key Elements of a Project Pitch:



Introduction

Who you are, your mission, and why your organization is credible.



The Need

The specific problem or gap your sports initiative addresses in the community.



The Solution

How your program will make a difference and address the need.



The Impact

Expected outcomes such as social inclusion, youth development, or health benefits.



The Ask

Clear description of the support you need (financial, equipment, transport, refreshments).



Benefits for the Sponsor

Visibility, recognition, community goodwill, and potential marketing opportunities.



Closing

Thank the sponsor and offer a follow-up meeting or site visit.

Tips for Effective Pitches:

- Keep it short: 1–2 pages written or 5 minutes spoken.
- Combine data with human stories to show real impact.
- Personalize your message, showing why this sponsor is a good fit.
- Be specific in your requests, e.g., "€500 for equipment" or "donation of 20 footballs."
- Use visuals like photos, charts, or infographics to make the pitch memorable.

3. Approaching Sponsors and Donors

3.1 Methods of Approach

Formal Letter or Email

Start with a professional and clear proposal. Highlight the of your goals sports initiative, the community benefits, and the specific type of support needed, whether financial. equipment, or volunteer assistance. Attach photos, previous event results, or testimonials if available to strengthen your case.

Personal Meeting

Face-to-face meetings are ideal for local businesses, municipalities, or larger organizations. They allow sponsors to ask questions, understand the initiative's impact, and build trust in your team's professionalism.

Networking Events

Attend sports fairs, local business forums, or community council meetings. Use these opportunities to introduce your initiative, collect contacts, and gauge potential interest from multiple sponsors at once.



3.2 Follow-Up



Polite Reminder

If a sponsor has not responded within two weeks, send a courteous follow-up. Reiterate key points and offer to answer questions or meet in person.



Keep Updated

After securing support, maintain the relationship by sharing event updates, photos, testimonials, or short reports on outcomes. Regular communication reinforces engagement and encourages long-term partnerships.



Show Appreciation

Always thank sponsors for their time and consideration, regardless of whether they contribute. A positive impression can lead to support in the future.



Invite Participation

Encourage sponsors to attend events, volunteer, or participate in ceremonies. Seeing their support in action reinforces the value of their contribution and strengthens community ties.



4.Templates and Guidelines

4.1 Sponsorship Request Email Templates

4.1.1 Email to Companies, local businesses, NGOs, Foundations and Sports Clubs

Subject: Partnership Opportunity – Promoting Youth and Sports in [Community]

Dear [Name],

I am writing on behalf of [Organization], a non-profit dedicated to [mission]. We are organizing [event name] on [date], which will bring together [number] young people and families in [community/region] to promote social inclusion, active lifestyles, and community spirit.

We would be honored to partner with [Name of company etc.] in this effort. Your support could take the form of [specific request: financial contribution, equipment donation, refreshments, etc.]. In return, we would ensure your brand is recognized through [banners, T-shirts, social media mentions, press releases].

This partnership would not only support the wellbeing of young people but also highlight [Company] as a committed community leader.

I would be delighted to discuss this opportunity further at your convenience.

Thank you for considering this request.

Sincerely,

[Name]

[Position]

[Organization]

[Contact Information]



4.1.2 Email to Municipal and Local Government Offices, Schools and Universities, Faith-Based and Cultural Institution

Subject: Partnership Opportunity – Promoting Youth and Sports in [Community]

Dear [Name/Title],

I am writing on behalf of [Organization], a non-profit dedicated to [mission]. We are organizing [event name] on [date], bringing together young people and families in [community/region] to promote social inclusion, active lifestyles, and community spirit.

We would be honored to collaborate with [Institution Name] to make this event a success. Your support could include:

- Providing access to facilities or venues
- Helping communicate the event to students, families, or community members
- Offering volunteers or staff support during the event
- Sharing resources or expertise relevant to the initiative

In return, we will ensure your institution is acknowledged through event materials, social media mentions, and local media coverage, highlighting your commitment to youth development and community wellbeing.

We would be delighted to discuss this opportunity further at your convenience. Your involvement would make a significant difference in encouraging participation and fostering a stronger sense of community.

Thank you for considering this request.

Sincerely,

[Name]

[Position]

[Organization]

[Contact Information]



4.2 Sponsorship Request Formal Letter Template

4.2.1 Formal Letter Template Companies, local businesses, NGOs, Foundations and Sports Clubs

[Your Organization Letterhead] [Date]

To: [Recipient Name / Title]
[Company / Institution Name]
[Address]

Subject: Partnership Opportunity - Promoting Youth and Sports in [Community]

Dear [Recipient Name],

I am writing on behalf of [Organization Name], a non-profit organization dedicated to [brief mission statement]. We are organizing [Event Name] on [Date], which will bring together [Number] young people and families in [Community/Region] to promote social inclusion, active lifestyles, and community spirit.

We would be honored to partner with [Company / Institution Name] in this initiative. Your support could take the form of [specific request: financial contribution, equipment donation, refreshments, volunteer support, etc.]. In return, we would ensure your organization is acknowledged through [banners, T-shirts, social media mentions, press releases, or other recognition].

This partnership would not only contribute to the wellbeing and development of young people but also highlight [Company / Institution Name] as a committed and engaged community leader.

I would be delighted to discuss this opportunity further at your convenience. Please do not hesitate to contact me at [phone number] or [email address] to arrange a meeting or answer any questions.

Thank you for considering this request.

Sincerely,
[Your Name]
[Position]
[Organization Name]
[Contact Information]



4.2.2 Formal Letter Template for Local Government Offices, Schools and Universities, Faith-Based and Cultural Institution

[Your Organization Letterhead] [Date]

To: [Recipient Name / Title]
[Institution Name]
[Address]

Subject: Partnership Opportunity – Promoting Youth Engagement and Sports in [Community]

Dear [Recipient Name],

I am writing on behalf of [Organization Name], a non-profit organization dedicated to [brief mission statement]. We are organizing [Event Name] on [Date], which will bring together young people, families, and community members in [Community/Region] to promote social inclusion, active lifestyles, and community engagement.

We would be honored to collaborate with [Institution Name] in this effort. Your support could include:

- Providing access to facilities or venues
- Assisting in communication with students, staff, or community members
- Participating in promotion or outreach efforts
- Offering guidance, expertise, or volunteers

In recognition of your support, [Institution Name] will be acknowledged through [mention forms of recognition: event banners, social media posts, press releases, certificates, or public mentions]. This partnership will highlight your commitment to youth development, health, and community wellbeing.

We would be delighted to discuss this opportunity further at your convenience and explore how we can work together to make [Event Name] a success.

Thank you for considering this request. We look forward to the possibility of partnering with [Institution Name] to create a positive impact in our community.

Sincerely,
[Your Name]
[Position]
[Organization Name]
[Email Address]
[Phone Number]
[Website, if applicable]



4.3 Guidelines for Conducting a Personal Meeting

1. Preparation

- Research the organization or individual before the meeting.
- Prepare a concise presentation or talking points (1–2 pages or 5–10 minutes).
- Bring materials: flyers, brochures, visual aids, or a short video if applicable.

2. Structure of the Meeting

1. Introduction (2–3 minutes)

- Greet the recipient warmly.
- Briefly introduce yourself and your organization.

2. Present the Initiative (5-7 minutes)

- Describe the event, target audience, and objectives.
- Highlight social impact: youth development, community engagement, inclusion.

3. Discuss Sponsorship/Partnership Opportunities (5 minutes)

- Explain specific needs: financial support, equipment, volunteers, or space.
- Show how the partner will benefit (visibility, CSR alignment, community goodwill).

4. Engage and Listen (5 minutes)

- Ask questions about their interests or constraints.
- Listen actively and adapt the proposal if needed.

5. Next Steps and Closing (2-3 minutes)

- Agree on follow-up actions: proposal submission, site visit, or decision timeline.
- Thank them sincerely for their time.

3. Follow-Up

- Send a thank-you email within 24–48 hours.
- Include any additional materials promised during the meeting.
- Keep communication clear and timely.



4.4 Guidelines for Approaching Sponsors and Supporters at Networking Events

1. Preparation Before the Event

- **Research Attendees:** Identify potential sponsors, local businesses, NGOs, and influential community figures who will be present.
- Prepare Materials: Bring concise flyers, one-page pitch sheets, or business cards with event details and contact info.
- Practice Your Pitch: Prepare a 30–60 second "elevator pitch" highlighting the event, its purpose, and potential benefits for partners.

2. During the Event

- **Be Approachable:** Smile, maintain open body language, and approach people politely.
- **Start with Conversation:** Begin with small talk or common interests before introducing your initiative.
- **Deliver Your Pitch Concisely:** Clearly explain your event, objectives, and how they can support. Focus on mutual benefits.
- **Listen Actively:** Ask questions about their priorities, interests, and constraints to tailor your approach.
- Collect Contacts: Ask for business cards or contact details and note any important points for follow-up.
- **Observe Competitors/Other Initiatives:** Understand what other events or causes are being supported in your community.

3. After the Event

- **Follow-Up Promptly:** Send personalized emails thanking them for the conversation and summarizing potential collaboration opportunities.
- Share Additional Materials: Include detailed proposals, sponsorship packages, or media kits if requested.
- Track Engagement: Maintain a spreadsheet or CRM system with contacts, notes, and follow-up
 dates.
- Plan Next Steps: Schedule meetings, calls, or site visits with interested sponsors.

4. Tips for Success

- Stay confident and concise.
- Focus on shared values, community impact, and visibility opportunities.
- Don't overwhelm people with too much detail at the event—save deeper discussions for follow-up meetings.
- Be professional but personable—relationships are just as important as the proposal.

4.4.1 Template for a one-page pitch sheet

[Event Name] – One-Page Sponsor Pitch Organization: [Your Organization Name]

Contact Person: [Name, Position] Email / Phone: [Contact Info] Website / Social Media: [Links]

1. Event Overview

What: [Brief description of the event—type of sports, target participants, community focus]

When: [Date(s)]

Where: [Location / Venue]

Who: [Number and age range of participants, families, volunteers]

Purpose: [Promoting youth development, social inclusion, health, community engagement]

2. Why Support Us

- Community Impact: [How your initiative benefits youth, families, and local community]
- Visibility for Sponsors: [Brand placement on banners, T-shirts, social media mentions, press coverage]
- Shared Values: [CSR alignment, health promotion, education, inclusion]

Туре	Description	Benefits for Sponsor
Financial Support	[e.g., €500–€2000 for event costs]	Logo on promotional materials, media mentions
Equipment Donation	[e.g., balls, kits, sports gear]	Acknowledgment at event, social media recognition
Volunteer Support	[e.g., employees volunteering at event]	

4.4.2 Elevator Pitch Template (30-60 seconds)

Hook / Introduction (5–10 seconds)

• [Start with a compelling statement or question:

"Did you know that over [X]% of young people in [community] don't have access to safe sports activities?"

• Introduce yourself and your organization:

"I'm [Name] from [Organization], a non-profit dedicated to promoting youth development through sports."

Problem / Need (10-15 seconds)

• Clearly describe the issue you're addressing:

"Many children and teens lack safe spaces to play, limiting opportunities for social inclusion, health, and skill-building."

Solution / Event (10-20 seconds)

• Explain your initiative and its impact:

"We are organizing [Event Name], a community sports program that will engage [X] youth and families in [activities], promoting teamwork, healthy lifestyles, and social inclusion."

Call to Action / How They Can Help (5-10 seconds)

• Make a direct ask or invitation:

"We're looking for partners who can support with [funding, equipment, volunteers], and in return, we offer visibility, community recognition, and a chance to make a real impact locally."

Closing (5 seconds)

• End with a memorable statement or offer to continue the conversation:

"I'd love to talk with you further about how we can work together to empower young people in our community."

Conclusion

Recruiting sponsors and supporters is a vital part of sustaining sports initiatives, especially in communities with limited resources. A clear understanding of sponsor motivations, a well-crafted project pitch, and professional outreach—whether through emails, formal letters, personal meetings, or networking events—greatly increase the chances of securing meaningful support.

Equally important is follow-up. Maintaining communication, expressing appreciation, and keeping sponsors informed about outcomes strengthens relationships and encourages long-term partnerships.

Chapter 11: Real-Life Examples for Inclusive Sports Initiatives from Bulgaria and Greece and Where to Find Financial Support for your Ideas



Learning from Others

Stories of Successful Community Sports Initiatives in Bulgaria and Greece

Stories from Greece:

1. Together in Sport

Together in Sport is a European pilot project implemented by METAdrasi in cooperation with the Hellenic Olympic Committee and the German Olympic Sports Confederation (DOSB). It uses sports as a tool for social inclusion, offering asylum-seeking children and youth aged 7–17 the chance to participate in organized sports alongside local peers. The program, supported by municipalities across Attica and other regions of Greece, promotes values such as teamwork, respect, and intercultural tolerance, while also enhancing participants' sense of belonging. Recreational activities and educational visits to museums, archaeological sites, and sports facilities create shared experiences beyond the playing field.

By providing sports equipment and recognition free of charge, the project ensures equal opportunities for all participants. It pays special attention to unaccompanied minors and strengthens local care structures. Through regular sports sessions and collaborative activities, Together in Sport fosters friendships, reduces reservations toward asylum seekers, and enhances social cohesion. Cofunded by the Asylum, Migration and Integration Fund (AMIF) and the German Federal Office for Migration and Refugees, the program ran in Attica, Ioannina, and Kavala until June 2022, aiming to create positive social impact and serve as a model for similar initiatives in the future.

For more information on the project and its context, visit: https://old.metadrasi.org/en/campaigns/together-in-sport/

2. Summer Youth Academy

The Hellenic Initiative (THI), in partnership with Eurohoops, hosted its 2025 Summer Youth Academy at Leonteios School in Athens, offering a free program for boys and girls aged 10–17. The Academy combines basketball training with leadership development, team building, educational workshops, and mentorship from inspiring role models. Open to all skill levels, it aims to build confidence, character, and a sense of belonging for children facing socioeconomic challenges. The program included sessions on disability awareness, cybercrime, mental health, creativity, and resilience. Two sessions ran from June 27 to July 25, 2025, serving over 100 children. A kick-off event and a closing ceremony, including a 3-on-3 basketball tournament, highlighted the Academy's focus on Fair Play and teamwork. Participants received sports equipment and souvenirs free of charge. Sponsors included THI, Novibet Giant Heart, Stelios Philanthropic Foundation, Motor Oil, Piraeus, and the Latsis Foundation. The Academy emphasized social inclusion, empowerment, and community engagement. Overall, the program provided fun, transformative experiences that went beyond sports, fostering lasting skills and positive social impact.

For more information on the project and its context, visit: https://thehellenicinitiative.org/thi-news/the-hellenic-initiatives-summer-youth-academy-concludes-with-celebration-sportsmanship-and-hope/?utm_source=chatgpt.com#

3. Street football league

Buntkicktgut is an intercultural street football league founded in Munich in 1997, aimed at bridging cultural divides through sport for youth aged 7–22. The league is youth-led, with participants organizing matches, refereeing, managing teams, and contributing to a youth-run magazine. It features age categories and also includes a dedicated girls' league, and runs two seasons per year in parks, playgrounds, and schoolyards. Teams elect a League Council to define rules, resolve conflicts, and promote fair play, while Street Football Workers provide training in underserved neighborhoods. Supplementary activities include holiday camps, football drills, language support, and cultural excursions. By 2025, the program expanded to multiple German cities and international locations in Switzerland and Togo. Buntkicktgut promotes inclusion, cultural dialogue, youth leadership, crime prevention, and educational pathways. The league has received numerous awards and recognitions for integration and innovation. It has partnered with organizations like FC Bayern Munich, Nike, and IRC to support refugee and local youth through street football.

For more information on the project and its context, visit: https://buntkicktgut.org/infos/

4. Strong Me – Goal Against Sexism

The "Goal Against Sexism" program by Strong Me uses football to challenge gender stereotypes and promote gender equality in sports. It tackles the lack of safe, inclusive spaces in traditionally maledominated environments, addressing gender-based violence and discrimination. The initiative includes interactive workshops, expert-led discussions, and community activities involving coaches, athletes, educators, and psychologists. Sessions are held in sports clubs, schools, and community centers, often integrated with larger events or municipal initiatives. Participants—ranging from children to professionals—engage through open conversations, role model storytelling, and personal reflection activities. Volunteer facilitators and sports ambassadors reinforce the program's messages and model positive behaviors. Partnerships with schools, local governments (e.g., City of Athens), and national sports bodies (e.g., Hellenic Football Federation, Super League 2) helped embed the program into real sport structures. The project builds awareness, sparks cultural change, and fosters more inclusive, respectful sports communities. Its replicable, low-cost format makes it a strong model for using sport to promote equality and challenge social norms.



5. YMCA Thessaloniki - Inclusion Through Sport, Leadership, and Community Support

YMCA Thessaloniki (X.A.N.O.), part of the global YMCA network, addresses youth exclusion, limited access to sports, and civic disengagement through inclusive, low-cost programs targeting vulnerable groups. These include economically disadvantaged youth, refugees, Roma communities, girls, and youth with disabilities. Activities are held daily or weekly at the YMCA Sports Center and Youth Hub and include sports clubs, arts and culture workshops, youth leadership training, and summer camps. Youth are engaged through free access, school and NGO referrals, safe spaces, and youth-led initiatives that foster ownership and long-term retention.

The organization collaborates with schools, municipalities, NGOs, and international partners to create a supportive ecosystem for participation and growth. Volunteers and peer mentors play an active role in running programs.YMCA Thessaloniki stands out for its holistic, replicable model blending sport, informal learning, civic engagement, and psychosocial support—fostering inclusion, confidence, and community belonging among youth traditionally excluded from mainstream activities.

6. ARSIS Football Tournament - Fair Play for Inclusion

On April 6, 2025, ARSIS organized an inclusive football tournament in Thessaloniki using the innovative football3 methodology—a non-competitive format emphasizing teamwork, dialogue, and fair play. The event brought together over 170 children aged 11–16, including unaccompanied minors, refugee and migrant youth, and local players from G.S. Iraklis Football Academy, creating a powerful platform for social inclusion and equality.Participants were engaged through youth shelters, football clubs, and refugee centers. Trained volunteers, coaches, educators, and interpreters facilitated the event, ensuring a safe, supportive atmosphere that encouraged connection and respect. Role models from ActionAid, ARSIS, and local clubs reinforced messages of cooperation and anti-discrimination.The tournament built interpersonal skills, friendships, and cultural understanding, while raising awareness in the wider community. Long-term, it strengthened collaboration between NGOs, sports clubs, and institutions and introduced a replicable model for inclusive sports. The initiative showed how sport can be a transformative tool for breaking barriers and building a more united society.

Stories from Bulgaria:

1. Run2gether България – Inclusive Running with a Cause

Run2gether България is an annual inclusive charity race launched by Social Future Foundation and its JAMBA – Hub of Opportunities program, in partnership with Thai organization Klongdinsor Co. The event tackles the social exclusion of people with disabilities—especially youth—by pairing them with non-disabled peers to run together, promoting unity and visibility. It addresses limited access to sports, stigma, and lack of career opportunities for people with disabilities. Funds raised support JAMBA's training and career programs, while public campaigns and volunteer support ensure strong engagement. Backed by corporate sponsors, media, and municipalities, the initiative stands out for its low-cost replicability, long-term social impact, and genuine inclusivity.

2. "Active Today Olympics" - Bulgarian Shield Association, Gorna Oryahovitsa

The "Active Today Olympics," launched on June 8, 2025, by the Bulgarian Shield Association with the support of the Municipality of Gorna Oryahovitsa, is a regional sports initiative promoting youth engagement, inclusion, and social responsibility. The event brought together over 300 participants, including students, amateur athletes, and children with disabilities, combining sports competitions with mentorship from professional athletes and public figures. It addressed low physical activity among youth, lack of inclusive sports in small towns, and the need for adaptive sports access. A charity campaign supported children with physical disabilities through equipment fundraising. With strong partnerships from schools, local government, and media, the one-day event sparked long-term commitments to repeat the Olympics annually and invest further in inclusive youth sports. Its innovative, replicable format blends movement, mentorship, and meaningful causes into a powerful model of inclusive community engagement.

3. "Beyond the Bridge" - Surya Foundation, Lovech

"Beyond the Bridge" is an annual inclusive sports and civic initiative organized by Surya Foundation in Lovech since 2020, aiming to counter youth outmigration and social disengagement by reconnecting people with their hometown through sport and shared purpose. Gathering over 600 participants each year, the event features running, bike cross, and duathlon routes passing through symbolic local landmarks, including the iconic Covered Bridge. It engages youth, families, and athletes with disabilities, inspiring participation through storytelling and role models like Grigor Ivanov, a national wheelchair basketball player. Each edition supports a cause—in 2025, 20% of fees funded a physiotherapy room for adults with disabilities. The initiative combines sport, culture, and charity to raise visibility for Lovech, build community pride, and normalize inclusive participation. Its replicable format and strong emotional impact make it a model of how local identity, sport, and social causes can come together to drive long-term change.

4. BG Be Active – Urban Activation and Movement Spaces

BG Be Active is a Bulgarian nonprofit that promotes health, movement, and inclusion by transforming public spaces into accessible, activity-friendly environments.

This initiative tackles critical challenges in Bulgaria, including physical inactivity, social exclusion, and the lack of inclusive public infrastructure for movement. Its activities focus particularly on underused or unsafe public spaces, often in underserved or rural communities, aiming to make everyday physical activity accessible to all.

The program implements modular, recurring activities such as monthly school movement days, community marathons, and placemaking workshops where locals help redesign spaces like sidewalks, playgrounds, or parking lots into "movement zones." Events like PARK(ing) Day and MOVE Week include outdoor fitness training, environmental actions (e.g., cleanups, tree planting), and intergenerational participation.

To support long-term impact, BG Be Active creates educational toolkits like the "Movement Game" playbook, enabling easy replication in other communities.

Engagement is sustained through inclusive public events, visual campaigns, media outreach, and strong partnerships with schools, municipalities, NGOs, and volunteers—ensuring the spaces are not only transformed but also actively used and community-owned.

5. Inclusive Sports – Association "Zakrila – Lovech"

As part of Lidl Bulgaria's "You and Lidl for Our Tomorrow" initiative, this project provided structured access to sport for one of the most marginalized groups in Bulgaria—people with intellectual disabilities in the Lovech region. The project addressed the near-total exclusion of this group from both recreational and competitive sport, aiming to improve physical health, social participation, and local visibility. Key activities included regular inclusive training sessions, adapted to participants' needs, and a regional "Inclusive Olympics", where people with and without disabilities participated side-by-side in multiple sports disciplines. These events were community-based, supported by volunteers, caregivers, and sports instructors, ensuring meaningful engagement. The initiative also included a targeted advocacy campaign to raise awareness and strengthen local partnerships with NGOs, schools, care institutions, and local authorities. Short-term results showed over 80 engaged participants and increased public awareness. Long-term, the project laid a foundation for systemic inclusion and showed that low-cost, inclusive sport events can be sustainable and impactful at local level.

6. Health, Activity, Movement – An Adventure for People Aged 65+ by Community Center "Druzhba 1898", Durankulak

This community-based initiative in rural Durankulak empowered people aged 65+ to stay active, connected, and visible. It addressed physical inactivity, isolation, and the lack of age-appropriate sport or wellness opportunities in small villages. Key activities included:

Renovation of public space near the local church—building pergolas, placing benches and tables, installing solar lights, and landscaping to create a safe, welcoming gathering place;

Beach cleanup combined with group movement exercises (light stretching, walking), linking environmental action with physical wellbeing;

Community sports day involving seniors, children, and families in fun, low-pressure games and dance, ending with shared meals and celebrations;

Cultural and religious excursion encouraging mobility and cognitive stimulation through visits to historical and sacred sites.

Engagement was achieved by involving seniors in planning and tailoring activities to their needs, with strong support from volunteers, the church, and local businesses. Impact: Participants reported improved energy, mood, and social ties. The revitalized public space remains in use, and the initiative sparked new intergenerational traditions and pride in community life.

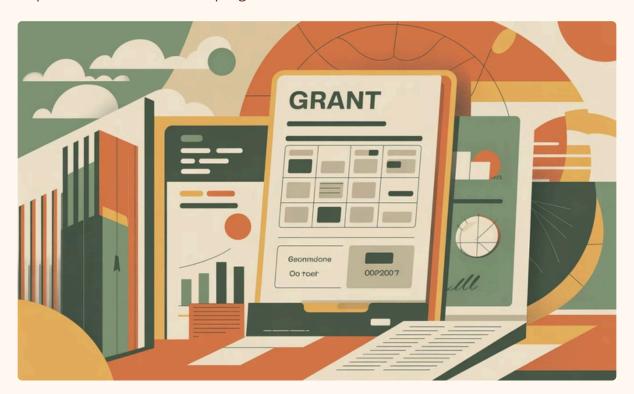


Chapter 12: Where to Find Financial Support for Your Initiatives

This chapter provides a practical guide to help organizations identify and access funding opportunities for sports and inclusion-focused initiatives.

Funding resources are grouped into three levels:

- Local Municipalities, foundations, businesses, and crowdfunding campaigns
- National Government and NGO-managed grant schemes
- European & International EU programs and international foundations



Greece

1. Local Funding Opportunities - Greece

These vary per city or region, but common entry points include:

- **Municipal Websites** Most municipalities post open calls for projects in the areas of culture, sport, youth engagement, and health promotion. These calls usually appear annually or seasonally.
 - Example: Athens Municipality
- Local Business CSR Programs Many local businesses (especially banks, supermarkets, and energy companies) have Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) programs that offer sponsorships for grassroots events and youth-focused actions.
 - Example: Alpha Bank CSR
- **Crowdfunding Platforms (Local & International)** Suitable for small-to-medium initiatives, especially if they engage the local community or diaspora.
 - **Give&Fund** Greek-based crowdfunding platform
 - o **GoFundMe** International platform widely used for social, health, and youth causes

2. National and Governmental Grants

Each country has different structures and opportunities. In Greece, these include:

National Agencies for Erasmus+ and European Solidarity Corps

These are the official bodies managing EU grants for **education**, **youth**, **and sport** in Greece.

- INEDIVIM Erasmus+ Youth & ESC
- IKY National Agency for VET, Higher Education, Sector Skills Alliances

National Foundations and Grantmakers

These philanthropic foundations offer regular or thematic calls for proposals focused on youth, inclusion, community development, and sports.

- Stavros Niarchos Foundation (SNF) One of the largest private foundations in Europe, supports health, culture, education, and sports.
- Bodossaki Foundation Focuses on social welfare, environment, education, and civil society.
- <u>TIMA Charitable Foundation</u> Supports projects for older people and intergenerational inclusion, including sports.

Useful Platforms & Newsletters

- o ethelon.org
- A hub for volunteering and civic engagement opportunities, including youth-focused calls and funding news.
 - o higgs3.org
- A nonprofit resource center offering training, mentorship, and updates on grants and funding for civil society organizations.

3. Facebook Groups (for Opportunities and Networking)

These groups are excellent for discovering new calls, forming partnerships, and asking questions to peers across Europe.

• Erasmus+ Youth Greece

Official page sharing open calls, training courses, youth exchanges, and funding tips for youth organizations in Greece.

• Erasmus+ / European Solidarity Corps Projects

A large group for sharing and discovering Erasmus+ and ESC project calls, available partnerships, and best practices.

• ERASMUS+ PROJECTS OPPORTUNITIES

Focuses on connecting project coordinators and partner-seeking organizations. Great for finding small partnerships, job-shadowing, and training events.

• Erasmus+ KA1 & KA2

Focuses on mobility and cooperation projects (KA1 – training/youth exchanges; KA2 – partnerships). Good for asking questions and getting feedback on applications.

Bulgaria

1. Local Funding Opportunities - Bulgaria

1.1 Municipal Programs and Budgets for Sports and Youth Activities

Many Bulgarian municipalities have annual grant schemes supporting:

- Youth initiatives
- Sports events and camps
- Infrastructure improvements (sports facilities, eco-paths)
- Social inclusion activities

Eligible applicants:

- Municipal administrations
- Schools
- Sports clubs
- NGOs
- Cultural centers (chitalishta)
- Informal youth groups (with institutional support)

What is funded:

- Local tournaments
- Community sports campaigns
- Public space improvements

Examples of municipal programs:

- Sofia: https://sofialog.bg/
- Varna: https://varna.bg
- → "Public Councils & Programs"
- Plovdiv: https://www.plovdiv.bg
- → "Civic Engagement"
- Sliven: youth & sport-focused annual program
- Vidin: village-based sports tournaments
- Smolyan: microgrants for local clubs and volunteer actions

How to apply: Through a project proposal to the relevant municipal department. Calls are usually published early in the year on municipal websites.

1.2 Local Businesses and Sponsors (Corporate Social Responsibility - CSR)

Local small and medium enterprises often support community-based initiatives.

Examples of what can be funded:

- Sports gear, medals, and logistics
- Transport for kids to attend events
- Food, water, promo materials
- Activities in rural areas

How to approach: Submit a short proposal with a visibility offer (logo, co-hosting, local promotion)

Best for: Local campaigns like "Sport for All," small tournaments, school olympiad.

1.3 Local Foundations and Donation Funds

Examples:

• Workshop for Civic Initiatives Foundation (WCIF) - https://frgi.bg/

Funds rural community projects led by:

- Local leaders
- Youth activists
- Initiatives linked to sports & healthy lifestyles
- EcoCommunity Foundation https://www.ecovivente.org/

Supports nature/sport hybrid activities in rural areas

• Open Society Foundation Bulgaria (Soros Foundation) - https://osf.bg/

Opens calls for inclusive small-scale projects, including sport and community development **Why use local sources:**

- Ideal for small-scale, quick-start projects
- Trust-building between youth and communities
- Realistic execution in underdeveloped areas

2. National and Governmental Grants

National Youth Programme (2021–2025)

Who can apply:

- Youth organizations
- NGOs working with young people

What is funded:

- Initiatives promoting social inclusion, sustainable development, and healthy lifestyles
- Educational and sports activities involving youth
- Support for youth civic participation and volunteering
- Forum theatre, inclusive sports events, and training in inclusive practices

Main goals:

- Increase civic engagement among young people
- Ensure equal access to sports and cultural activities in small and isolated communities



Agency for People with Disabilities (APD)

Who can apply:

- NGOs
- Registered organizations of and for people with disabilities

What is funded:

- Sports rehabilitation programs
- Inclusion through physical activity and sport
- Training in adaptive sports and creating accessible environments
- Projects that promote active lifestyles for people with disabilities

3. European Union and International Programs

These programs are open to organizations from all EU countries, including Greece. They often support cross-border partnerships, capacity-building, and inclusive sports initiatives.

Erasmus+ Programme - https://erasmus-plus.ec.europa.eu/

Who can apply:

- Youth organizations
- Sports clubs
- Educational institutions
- NGOs

What it funds:

- Transnational projects
- Youth exchanges, trainings, seminars, and youth-led initiatives
- Small-scale partnerships (KA210) and innovation collaborations
- Projects in the field of sports (inclusion through sport, grassroots sport, partnerships between clubs and communities)
- Thematic focus: inclusion, access to active lifestyle, "sport for all"

European Solidarity Corps - youth.europa.eu/solidarity en

• This EU program funds local youth-led solidarity projects and volunteer placements, initiatives supporting social inclusion through sport, culture, and education, projects where young people tackle local challenges through active involvement

It's ideal for grassroots activities with a social or inclusive dimension (e.g., organizing sports for integration, clean-up campaigns, etc.).

Who can apply:

- Informal youth groups
- NGOs
- Volunteer hosting organizations

Creative Europe - youth.europa.eu/solidarity en

Supports the cultural and audiovisual sectors. While not sport-focused, it is useful for projects that combine sport with arts, storytelling, or youth culture. 81

Erasmus+ Sport **sport.ec.europa.eu**

Funds local and international projects related to mass sport, inclusion through sport, health and well-being, Small-scale regional events, "Sport for all" initiatives, inclusive and innovative activities, Not-for-profit sports events. It offers small collaborative partnerships and not-for-profit sport events.

Who can apply:

- Sports organizations
- NGOs
- Local and regional authorities

CERV Programme - Citizens, Equality, Rights and Values

Who can apply:

- NGOs
- Groups working in human rights, equality, and non-discrimination
- Sports and educational institutions

What it funds:

- Anti-discrimination and social inclusion initiatives
- Projects promoting equality, civic participation, and democratic values
- Inclusive activities through culture and sport

Facebook Groups and Online Resources for Finding Opportunities

Join and follow Facebook groups and pages where calls and funding opportunities are shared daily. These often include open calls for Erasmus+, ESC, local campaigns, and NGO support.

Bulgarian keywords to search:

- финансиране за НПО
- проекти за младежи
- младежки обмени
- спортни проекти
- доброволчество и финансиране
- проекти по Еразъм+
- фондове за малки населени места
- активен начин на живот

Sample search phrases and groups:

- "Erasmus+ projects and funding"
- "Youth & Sport Initiatives Bulgaria"
- "NGO funding Bulgaria"
- "Funding for youth and rural initiatives"
- "Erasmus+ Bulgaria"
- "Youth Opportunities EU"

English keywords to search:

- Erasmus+ calls for proposals
- Inclusive sports funding
- ESC solidarity projects
- Community sport initiatives
- NGO funding Bulgaria
- EU youth mobility funding
- Grants for NGOs

These groups are excellent channels to:

- Discover open calls quickly
- Exchange ideas with other applicants
- Find partners or share your own project idea
- Ask questions and receive updates from peers

The end.



The GameChangers Toolkit was developed by IASIS NGO (Greece) and Play Together Association (Bulgaria) as part of the KA2 Erasmus+ Project "GameChangers: Encouraging Social Inclusion and Active Lifestyles in Underdeveloped Areas." The project aims to promote social cohesion, equal opportunities, and community well-being through sport by creating practical resources for local organizations and youth workers. Combining the experience of both partners in inclusive education, youth empowerment, and community sports, the toolkit serves as a shared European effort to inspire and support small communities in using sport as a vehicle for inclusion, participation, and positive change.

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